State Library

THE CAUCASIAN.

VOL. XVIII. RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, OCTOBER 4, 1900. No. 43.

A FARCE AND A FRAUD.

SOUTH CAROLINA PAPERS CONDEMN THE PRIMARY SYSTEM.

ILLEGAL VOTERS VOTED LIKE SHEEP.

Campaign of Education a Humbug in the Palmetto State—The Primary a Miserable, Filthy Scramble by Designing Politicians.

Charlotte Observer.

It is no wonder that a good many of the decent people of South Carolina are suffering with nausea on account of the primary election system in effect in that State. Mr. August Kohn, the Columbia correspondent of the Charleston News & Courier, who toured about half the State with the candidates in the recent campaign, writes thus to his paper:

"There can be no question about the disgust and dissatisfaction with the primary system as at present in effect in this State. There will have to be radical changes in the system or it will go to pieces. If it is kept up as at present it ought to go into disrepute and oblivion. It is a humbug and a farce to have candidates go around the State abusing each other and not discussing issues. During the last campaign the speakers consumed seven long and weary hours, day after day, and there was but one song, self or liquor. The campaigns have been thought to be instituted for a discussion of political and industrial issues, and not for abuse and the discussion of one's self. Day after day the candidates generally made the same speeches, many of them did not so much as change the dotting of an 'i,' or the crossing of a 't,' and yet it is urged that this is a campaign of education. It is not so."

It is observed that this view of the question has a good deal of support in the press of South Carolina. The Rock Hill Herald, for instance, copying and commenting upon the above question, says:

"The primary election is sure to go if the ignorant, irresponsible voter cannot be eliminated. It is well known in this county that in the recent election a number of men had their names put on the club rolls and voted in the primary who were not even citizens of the county, and some of them were only recently from North Carolina. They were voted like so many sheep. If voters who really have an interest in the affairs of the county or State are to submit to the results of the primary, that election must be purified. There must be some protection thrown around the ballot, else the party election will degenerate even more into a miserable, filthy scramble in which only designing politicians will enter. No self-respecting man cares to have himself plastered by slime thrown at him by mangy place-hunters, and have to be a competitor and control votes by appealing to the ignorance and prejudice of the voters. Until a change comes—unless the primary is protected against the unworthy voter—we may not hope for better. It will continue to be, as The News and Courier's correspondent says it is now, that 'substantial, good business men, such as ought to be elected to offices of this State, are not coming out.'"

All this has particular interest in North Carolina at this time when a primary for the choice of a United States Senator is on hand. It is to be hoped that conditions here will not drop to the South Carolina level, but the primary here is but an experiment and we shall see what we shall see. It was tinkered with in a small way four years ago, with disastrous consequences, and the outcome will be fortunate if in the train of the one now on hand there are not left a lot of tarnished reputations, strife and heart-burnings and a disrupted party. The primary, the leaving of everything to the direct vote of the people, this initiative and referendum on a small scale—we are so much wiser in matters of government than our fathers were—is a beautiful theory, but The Observer has always thought of it—to quote an expression of Old Bill Allen, of Ohio—that it is "a d—d barren idealty."

A Boy Who Had Been Kidnapped by Gypsies Returned to His Father After Six Years.

Cumberland, Md., Sept. 27.—The eleven year old son of H. W. Baker, policeman, of Thomas, W. Va., who was kidnapped at Peoria, Ill., six years ago by a band of gypsies, was restored to his father to-day. The father had not heard from his boy until a few days ago, when Lewis Allen, county clerk at Berkeley Springs, W. Va., wrote to Baker who had offered $1 500 reward for the recovery of the boy, that he thought he was living in the family of Joseph Meehan, there. Baker went to Berkeley Springs today, and father and son recognized each other at once. The little boy had been adopted and treated well by the Mechans.

And Leave no Foot-Prints in the Sand of Time.

Chicago Record.

Lives of some men oft remind us,
If we had but half their gall,
We could loaf too, and behind us
Leave not any tracks at all.

GOV. ROOSEVELT ROUGHLY HANDLED.

Receives a Dose of North Carolina Red Shirtism in Colorado.

An associated press dispatch from Cripple Creek, Col., states that Gov. Roosevelt had a most exciting experience last Wednesday at Victor, a mining town, a few miles from Cripple Creek, where he was billed to speak.

The Governor had a narrow escape from serious personal violence, being attacked by a small body of roughs who had been organized and paid for the purpose of breaking up the meeting.

"Governor Roosevelt spoke at Armory Hall, which was filled. He had hardly begun speaking when he was interrupted by noisey demonstrations. He said:

"In my State the men who were put on the common platform to draw up an anti trust platform at Kansas City Convention had at that time their pockets filled with ice trust stock. The Democratic leader in New York, Richard Croker, upon whom you base your only hope, and it is a mighty slim hope, too, was another great stockholder, and if, in fact, you were to read through the list of stockholders in that business, it would sound like reading the roll of members of Tammany Hall."

A voice cried, "What about the rotton beef?"

The Governor replied: "I ate it, and you will never get near enough to get hit with a bullet or within five miles of it."

Governor Roosevelt succeeded in finishing his remarks, though there was an evident intention among those present that he should not do so. When the Governor left the hall with his party to go toward the train he was surrounded by a company of Rough Riders, commanded by Sherman Bell, one of his own soldiers in the Spanish war. He was also accompanied by General Curtis Guild, Jr., of Boston; John Proctor Clarke, of New York; General Irving Hale, of Colorado; United States Senator Wolcott, Frank C. Goudy, candidate for Governor of Colorado; Percy S Ryder, candidate for Lieutenant Governor; A. M. Stevens, Lieutenant Tice and several others

Gov. Roosevelt and his party were on foot. A crowd of boys and men began throwing stones and shouting for Bryan. The Rough Riders, mounted and unmounted, closed in around the Governor to protect him from assault by the mob. One made a personal attack upon the Governor and succeeded in striking him a blow in the breast with a stick. The assailant was immediately knocked down by Daniel M. Sullivan, postmaster of Cripple Creek.

A rush was then made by the mob to drag the mounted men in khaki uniforms from their horses. The men on foot, also in khaki, closed around the Governor, [illegible] pushed through the crowd, and they finally succeeded in gaining the train which was surrounded by the mob.

By this time there were probably 1,000 or 1 500 excited people in the vicinity and fisticuffs were exchanged on all sides. Many of the mob were armed with sticks and clubs and some with rotten potatoes, stale eggs and lemons. The entire party regained the train, however, without serious injury and it pulled out of the place with the Rough Riders on the rear platform."

Kentucky's New Election Bill.

The Democratic House caucus of the Kentucky legislature has at last agreed upon an election bill which provides that the State board shall consist of one Democrat and one Republican and a State officer. They shall appoint the county boards, one or two from each party and from lists submitted they shall also appoint an umpire.

This will give the Democrats a majority in each county board, but the boards shall have only ministerial power, except as to questioned ballots. It is said that the Democrats of the Senate will readily accept this compromise.

An Owl Perched Over the Judge.

Baltimore Dispatch.

A big owl found its way into the court room at Towson, a few days ago, and there it stayed while the session lasted.

When the bird of wisdom came in at the window court was in session, and Judge Burke sat upon the bench with knitted brows, trying to fathom some of the intricacies of the law which was being explained by one of the legal lights of the county.

The bird at once took in the situation, flying over Judge Burke's head, perched itself upon the drapery pole immediately back of the learned judge. Here it sat without moving a feather, with one eye turned down ward and fastened upon the movements of Judge Burke until court adjourned.

Trapping Negroes for Convict Camps.

Charges have been filed with the prison commission of Georgia by Solicitor J. W. Edmondson, of Brooks county, against the McRee convict camp managed in Lowndes county, in this State, in the form of affidavits from prominent citizens to the effect that the McRee Brothers have kidnapped innocent men and women and made them work under armed guards for an indefinite period.

It is charged that one practice of the McRee Camp has been to employ "trappers" to arrest innocent negroes passing through the county and without the form of trial to imprison them and put them to work.

Two Children Killed in a Cyclone

Two persons were killed and 18 injured in the tornado and cloud-burst which struck Ferguson, Iowa, one day last week.

Half a dozen houses, including the Hutson Hotel and the St. Paul Railroad depot, were demolished.

Handsome women are not always the most amiable.

CAPTURED BY FILIPINOS.

CAPTAIN SHIELDS AND HIS ENTIRE COMMAND MADE PRISONERS.

BELIEVED THAT SEVERAL MEN WERE KILLED.

War Breaks Out in Peaceful Section of the Philippines—Government Authorities Alarmed at the Outbreak—Several North Carolinians Captured.

The War department is seriously alarmed at the situation in the Philippines. War has begun afresh in the territory conquered and held by the American military power, and portions of the islands hitherto peaceful have broken out in rebellion against the Americans. During the past week the American lines have been cut, outposts attacked and several sharp engagements have occurred. The most serious affair that has occurred recently, is the capture of Captain Shields and party, the report of which is given in the following cablegram:

"Manila, September 28th.

"To Adjutant General, Washington.

"September 11th Captain Devereaux Shields, 51 men Company F, Twenty-ninth regiment, United States volunteer infantry, one hospital corps man, left Santa Cruz by gunboat Villalobes for Torrijos intending to return overland Santa Cruz Have heard nothing since from Shields. Scarcely doubt entire party captured with many killed, wounded, Shields among latter. Information sent by letter from the commanding officer at Boac, dated September 20th, received September 24th, consisted of rumors through natives Yorktown and two gunboats, Colonel George S. Anderson, Thirty-eight infantry, two companies Thirty-eight infantry sent Marinduque immediately Anderson confirms first report as to capture, but unable September 27th to give details present whereabouts of Shields and party, names killed and wounded. This information probably available soon. Anderson has orders to commence operations immediately and move relentlessly until Shields and party rescued. All troops expected soon. Logan will be sent to Marinduque if necessary to clear up situation.

(Signed) "M'ARTHUR."

A list of the officers and men of Company F, Twenty-ninth regiment, shows the following names from North Carolina: Charles J. Beck, Benjamin J. Seay, Noah P. Seay, James L. Simpkins, and Thomas J Spirey, all from Bryson City, Swain county.

Destructive Fires in California.

A report from Santa Clara, California, says:

"Fire which has been burning for several days about Occidental has covered over 150 square miles and the damage is estimated at $1,500,000. A stranger who has been fighting the flames is missing and several of the volunteers have had narrow escapes from suffocation.

So desperate was the situation that the women and children of the town were placed in cars and carried out of the burning district."

Poor Tobacco Crop.

[Greensboro Record.

The receipts on our market for the past week have not been very large yet there has been enough of the weed to keep everything moving along well The quantity of the offerings is rather poor, still there is a good sprinkling of desirable tobacco being offered on the market.

Prices are the best we have seen in years, notwithstanding the fact tha the quality of tobacco is very much poorer than it was last season. Prices are from $1.50 to $4 per one hundred better than they were last year.

A Federation of Catholics.

The Catholic Young Men's National Union, in convention in New York last week, decided to form a federation for the purpose of influencing legislation and furthering the claims of people who embrace the Catholic faith.

Bishop McFaul's idea of a federation of every Catholic club and society in the United States, to be formed by the appointment of delegates to attend a monster mass meeting of delegate from every prominent club and society throughout the country to be held in New York city on Thanksgiving Day, November 29, was unanimously adopted by the convention. Committees were appointed to carry the plan into effect

Artesian Well at Blind Institute.

[Times-Visitor.

The artesian well at the Blind Institution has struck water and the institution now has a supply of about eighteen gallons a minute The well reached a depth of 157 feet at 3 o'clock last evening and water was pumped out until 10:30 last night. However, it has been decided to go about 4 or 8 feet deeper to-day, then the connections will be made and this water used throughout the building. The estimated cost is only two cents a 1,000 gallons, whereas the price now paid the Water Company is from 18 to 24 cents

Convicts From Perquimans.

[Raleigh News and Observer.

Six new convicts were yesterday brought to the penitentiary by Deputy Sheriff Reed, of Perquimans. One of them is an old white man, who comes up for 18 months for stealing hogs. The others are negroes, one being a woman They were all convicted of stealing and their terms range from six months to a year. The white man's name is Reed, and he is able to explain to the satisfaction of any one who will listen, just how he came to be in his present plight, though he is a perfectly innocent man. He says he awoke one morning to find a number of his neighbor's shoats in his hog-pen. Unfortunately, the hogs had been stolen; by whom, he knew not; but the fact that they were in his pen was taken as prima facie evidence against him He was charged with the theft. The old man says he is the only innocent and respectable prisoner in the bunch.

The total cost of the session of the sovereign grand lodge of Odd Fellows in Richmond, Va., was $30,127. C. M. Busbee, of North Carolina, was appointed to revise the digest.

HARANGUING COAL STRIKERS.

Life in the Pennsylvania Coal Regions During Time of Strike—Almost a Foreign Land.

[New York Sun.

"To the average American," said a business man just down from the coal regions, "the various strike meetings are intensely odd and interesting. No where else in the world can such assemblages be met. Why, I feel as if I were just back from a big trip through Europe. In a week I have heard harangues in all European languages, possibly save Spanish and French. At Mahanoy City John Faleski made speeches to a crowd of miners in a half dozen tongues. He counseled sobriety, and loyalty to the cause of labor, presumably, but the Americans knew not His hearers had bland, serious faces. They all work in the mines. Andrew Parrish also spoke in the Slavonic and Lithunian tongues. Nearly every man in the crowd smoked his pipe and occasionally cheered

"At Nesquehonning a Slavonic orator with an unpronounced name kept yelling to the crowd in tones that sounded alike for some time. I got a young Slav to translate for me and he said the speaker had thundered out: 'We must strike, if we are men. If we are cows, we will work. Are you men or cows?' His hearers all yelled for strike, whereupon the orator shouted back: 'Answered like roaring bulls.'

"Then the orator denounced weak-backed men. 'Stay at home with the women and take in your cabbage and cut sauerkraut,' was the advice of a German striker who spoke for peace and against mob violence. I found that the foreign strikers were on the war-path against Slavs and Huns from the strike districts, who were willing to work where operations were still carried on. Such men were denounced as dogs, and they took up the cry, 'Death to the dogs! Let the women kill the dogs!' At other places the foreign orators paid great attention to advising the Slavs to be careful what they said. One of the orators thus advised his darkskinned hearers:

"'Keep your tongues between your teeth. Don't talk. What you may say a secret detective will hear, and he may make you pay dear for it when all this is over. It may cost you your job or your liberty.'

"These Slavs are very suspicious, especially of those not of their nationality. They live in clusters and are very clannish. They never become naturalized, but drift about as the gypsies, from place to place, wherever they can get laboring work to do. The Polanders, however, are more substantial. So are the Italians and some Huns. In a short time, if the strike is not settled, thousands of these Slavs will go to the soft coal regions for employment. If there is any violence these untutored men will be shoved to the front, as they are very excitable when aroused and under the influence of 'polenki,' a mixture of beer, alcohol and rum. They are hard workers and do a fair day's work in the mines at from $1 to $1.20 a day. At one of their mass meetings they do not stand together, but in groups some distance apart. Many keep chatting while the speaking is going on. A good speaker can harangue a crowd for an hour, ringing the changes on a 15-minute substantial speech. I have seen them pass a big pipe, like the North American Indians, from one to [illegible]

"They are very penurious. Not many fire off any money in the beer saloons. I have seen them pass a flask just like a pipe, and drink without taking their eyes off the orator. Their women leave the shanties and form the back ground of many outdoor meetings. The women have their heads tied up with small red shawls, but they do not attend indoor meetings. They gossip and laugh during the speaking and enjoy the attacks made on the 'dogs' and 'cows.' The Hun women are stout and courageous, and are ready to do anything to help their men. They never lock any doors when they go to sleep. They have money saved, but it would puzzle a burglar by daylight to find out where it is hidden away.

"The Welsh, Irish and English are the pioneers and well settled, and are a great credit to the region. So are the Poles. The slate pickers and breaker boys are bright and well learned. When washed up they are fairly good looking. The boys are full of fight for their rights. Many sing unusually well Some of the boys are nephews of men who once were rich and known as the 'coal barons.' The Slavs, like the natives, are intensely in earnest in this strike business."

Farmers' Meetings Fair Week.

At the October meeting of the Board of Agriculture, Col. J. Bryan Grimes introduced the following, which was adopted:

That the officers of the Board of Agriculture co-operate with the officers of the Agricultural Society in organizing, during the State Fair week of the year of 1900, a series of farmers' meetings, to be held in Raleigh, (new auditorium) for the discussion of the following subjects:

Tuesday Night.—Mixed farming in the cotton and tobacco belt.

Wednesday Night—Good roads and the farmers. Prof. J. A. Holmes to lead.

Thursday Night.—Forage crops and live stock interests.

Friday Night—How to increase the fertility of farm lands. Or such variation of these subjects as may be agreed upon between the officers of this board and the officers of the Agricultural Society.

Arrangements will be made to hold these meetings during Fair week.

Why They Are Coming South.

A Denver special says:

"Referring to laws in the interest of labor, Governor Roosevelt said in one of his speeches here that manufacturers in New England and New York were moving their factories to South Carolina and North Carolina, because the laws in those States were not so much in favor of laboring men."

Public Arbitration a Remedy for Strikes.

Henry Demorest Lloyd, author of 'Wealth vs. Commonwealth,' discussing the big coal strike, says:

"When we become civilized industrially we will compel labor and capital to take their street fights into a courtroom of public arbitration and we will tolerate either in coal or anything else no monopoly except our own monopoly, that of a people supplying itself at cost."

It is officially announced that there will be no fusion between the Democrats and Populists for Congressman in the Sixth district of Kansas.

The net earnings of the Southern Railway Company for July and August, 1898, were $1,171,520; for the same period in 1899, $1,473,474; for the same period in 1900, $1,488,884.

THE COAL STRIKE.

COAL OPERATORS MEET AND DISCUSS THE SITUATION.

IT IS BELIEVED SETTLEMENT IS NEAR.

The Mines Completely Tied up and Coal Famine Reported in Many Cities—A Ten Per Cent Advance Will Probably be Granted.

The striking miners constantly gain accessions to their ranks as the strike progresses, and the operators more clearly see their inability to operate the mines by the aid of non-union men. It has been reported that negro labor from the South was to be imported to fill the strikers' places, but this turns out to be false. The presence of the negro in the mines would unite the entire white foreign and native population in a more determined effort to win, and result in serious injury, perhaps death, to the negroes. The operators dare not bring negroes into the coal region. The attempt to bring bituminous coal into the hard coal markets has also failed, the soft coal miners refusing to mine coal for such purpose.

The presidents of the great coal roads met in New York Thursday, and it is believed that they have agreed to accept a ten per cent advance in wages. The coal operators of the Wyoming and Lackawanna Valleys also met at Wilkesbarre last week and discussed the matter of raising the wages of the miners at least 10 per cent. There is a strong feeling against recognizing the Miners' Union; but President Mitchell, of that organization, says he will not stand in the way of the men accepting an advance, and would have no objection to the operators dealing direct with the men.'

It is believed that the strike will end this week.

AFRAID OF HIS OWN MEDICINE.

Mr. Simmons Fears the Machine He Has Set in Motion.

[Davie Record.

It's a little amusing to read the plan our Democratic friends have adopted for their senatorial primary. Each candidate is to be represented by a poll holder. This shows that they are actually afraid of each other in this election Simmons is afraid of Carr and Waddell, and vice versa. If in order to procure an honest election among themselves, they propose putting in for poll holders, a Carr, a Simmons, and a Wad [illegible] ry fairness would have prompted them to have given the Populists and Republicans equal representation at the polls at the August election? Let's protect each other from the rascals in our own ranks, is Democratic consistency and honor, but let's put all power in the hands of these same men, when an election of state and county officers is to be held. If they fear cheating and stealing among themselves, how can we expect to escape at the hands of the same crowd? We are bitterly opposed to any political party having entire control of the election machinery. Mr Simmons now feels that his chances are growing beautifully less, if one can judge from his begging, pitiful letter just published, in the Democratic papers, showing his financial condition, and boosting up his Democracy, and his loyalty to Bryan and the principles he represents. It's no fight of ours, and while we look on, we can but see, that there is retribution in history. Mr Simmons has put in motion a power in this state, which he now fears, and he stands before the machine quaking with fear, that it will grind him to powder in the November election If the poison he has pressed to others' lips is thrust down his own throat, he should take the dose like a man, and swear that it's sweet, and for the public good. The battle has just begun, and before the ides of November, crimination and recrimination will be heard from these men, who plotted against an honest election in August. Your sins will find you out, Mr. Simmons, but if you can use your machine against Carr and Waddell, as successfully as you used it against the Republicans, your chances are good for an election whether you enjoy the fruits of fraud, intimidation, redshirtism, or not.

SENATOR CAFFERY EXPLAINS.

His Reasons for Declining National Gold Democratic Presidential Nomination.

Robert A. Wideumann, chairman of the Campaign Committee, and Everett V. Abbott, secretary, of the National (third ticket) party, gave out the official declination by Senator Caffery of the presidential nomination of that party. In substance, the reasons Senator Caffery gives for declining are as follows:

"He is unalterably opposed to the policy which would make the country the champion of fiat money, which he considers a foe to government by law. He is opposed to the policy which would destroy the idea of the government founded on the consent of the governed and would build up favored classes in legislation

"I am heartily in accord," he says, "with the movement which is designed to be a refuge for those who are dissidents from all the policies entertained by one or the other of the two great parties of the nation, which are now engaged in a desperate struggle for supremacy. The nationalists cannot hope to win. They know they will never surrender their principles, win or lose." "

Serious Charge Against a School Teacher.

Manassas, Va., Sept. 27—Prof. J. C. Beahm, principal of the Prince William Normal School, at Brentsville, in this county was arrested late last night by Deputy Sheriff Rorabaugh and placed in jail at this place upon a warrant charging him with having committed a felonious assault upon a young girl 15 years of age, who was a pupil of his school.

Canton flannel is now manufactured by the Revolution Cotton Mills of Greensboro—the first of this class of goods ever manufactured south of New England.

TO GROW COTTON IN ZANZIBAR.

England Wishes to be Independent of the United States' Supply.

London Dispatch.

Zanzibar may supplant the United States as the source of Great Britian's cotton supply. The agitation over the crisis in the Lancashire textile trade has resulted in a plan to introduce the cotton industry, under the guardianship of British capital, into the little island domain in the Indian Ocean.

The authorities assert that Zanzibar and the contiguous territory along the East African coast is the only region in the world where cotton fully equal in quality to the American product can be grown. There are indications that no relief may be expected from the United States either this year or next, and the situation has given rise to a variety of suggestions for emancipation from "Yankee manipulation of the cotton production."

One of these novel proposals recommends that ramie, a plant that grows wild in the jungles of India, be scientifically used. It is said that ramie can be worked into anything that is now made out of cotton, silk or wool.

ADVISES THEM NOT TO COMBINE.

Says Public Schools and Denominational Schools Cannot Be United Without Injury to the Public Schools.

To the County Superintendent:

I still have some enquiries in regard to combining the Public Schools with Denominational Schools, and, therefore write you in substance what I wrote the County Supervisors during the year 1898.

I think it best for the committee always to provide a public school lot and building.

The spirit of all our laws seems to be against combining Church and State in any way.

When the public school is combined with a denominational school the best interest of the public school can rarely if ever be served.

The public school will not have the support of all the people when united with the church school.

The public schools are for all the people, supported by all the people, and must serve all the people by giving instruction without any regard to denominations or churches.

The law provides for combining public schools with private, but I do not think this, in any sense, means denominational or church schools.

Therefore, my instruction to you as County Superintendent is that you do not combine public schools with denominational schools

I am aware that these church schools have well prepared teachers, but, notwithstanding this, the primary object for which they are employed is to benefit the church, and in every community we find some parents who will not [illegible] church [illegible] own.

We must not have any hindrance or objections to our public schools that may be easily avoided. We must have the united support of the people in the public school work if the work is ever to be and to accomplish what it should.

Yours truly,

C. H MEBANE,
Supt. Public Instruction.

ANTI-LYNCH LAW DOESN'T HOLD GOOD.

The Jury Says the County is Not Responsible For Mob Violence.

Charleston, S. C., Sept. 27.—The anti-lynching law of this State, making the county responsible for damages to the family of the victim, has received another black eye. On January 4, 1897, Isaac Brown, a negro, was hanged to the railroad crossing at Stillton, Orangeburg county, his neck broken and his body riddled with bullets. Brown's father brought suit against the county for damages last year, but the jury promptly brought in a verdict for the county. The verdict was set aside by Judge Gage, and another trial of the same case has been had, this week, and another verdict rendered for the county of Orangeburg

The defense offered no testimony, relying upon the failure to prove a lynching, which, he contended, required the congregation of a mob or a multitude of persons. Buchanan, the presiding judge, charged the jury that a lynching might be committed by a mob or by any person or persons, but the charge appears to have had no effect on the jury. A motion for a new trial will be made, but this second verdict shows conclusively that the anti-lynching provision of the constitution of 1895 is a dead failure, so far as it provides damages for the heirs of the victim, though it is admitted that in its primary object, the suppression of lynching in this State, it has been largely successful.

Ex-Congressman Fowler Nominated.

Fayetteville Observer.]

The Populists held their congressional convention at Clinton yesterday. Byrd of Harnett was chairman. Ex-Congressman Fowler was nominated by acclamation. Resolutions were passed endorsing the Populist State and National platforms.

Messrs. J. E. Garrett and L. M. Tew were the delegates from Cumberland county present. All the counties were represented except Craven and Jones.

The Democrats and Populists have now held their conventions, and it is said that the Republicans will nominate Mr. A. H. Slocumb of this city.

Trusts Advancing Prices.

Kansas City Times.]

The price of flour has been advanced by the flour trust from $2 15 to $2.75 a bag; the sugar trust has raised the price of sugar from 5 to 7 cents a pound; the Standard Oil trust has advanced the price of oil from 12 to 15 cents a gallon; the beef trust has raised the price of the poorest grade of its beef from 12 to 16 cents a pound; an advance of 25 per cent has been made by the woolen trust, of 50 per cent by the cracker trust, of 30 per cent by the shoe and leather trust; and similar exorbitant advances in the price of their products have been made by the broom trust, the hardware and stove trust, and other combines that control articles of prime necessity in the houses of the poor.

INDIGNATION MEETING.

LARGE CROWD IN ATTENDANCE AND GREAT ENTHUSIASM.

HON. MARION BUTLER AND OTHERS SPEAK.

Strong Resolutions Adopted Condemnatory of the Present Election Law—Many Farmers Present—Senator Butler Commended.

Friday, the 21st, will ever be a day memorable in the history of Cumberland, and one that will not only be remembered as of political significance, but as one replete with social enjoyment. Hands clasped hands in a common cause, while old friendships were renewed and new ones formed The ladies of Flea Hill, than whom no section of North Carolina furnishes a nobler, purer and more beautiful, did themselves credit in furnishing one of the most bountiful of dinners, while her sturdy sons, chivalric in times of war, industrious and frugal in times of peace, and hospitable at all times threw wide open the gates of welcome.

The meeting was called to order by J. E Garrett, Chairman of the Executive Committee, who after explaining the object of the meeting, called J. C. Bain, Esq., of Black River, to the chair.

After the reading of the evidences of fraud in the late election by the Secretary, Mr. D. B. Culbreth, several short speeches were made confirmatory of same by parties from various sections of the county, when the meeting adjourned for dinner.

Upon reassembling, Hon A. A. McCaskill made a short and telling speech, after which the committee on resolutions was announced as ready to report, and same was adopted by a rising vote

Hon. Thos. E Owen, of Parkersburg, was then introduced, and told us something about the condition of affairs in Sampson He carries with him no honied phases for ballot box stuffers and manipulators, and those who heard him are prepared to congratulate Sampson upon her choice of a representative.

Hon. Marion Butler, who, in a short speech brought this most successful meeting to a close, dealt also [illegible] an appeal to colored people to remain at home, touching upon national issues and the national campaign only so far as to say that Mr. Bryan was actually making speeches in the West upon the Declaration of Independence and Filipino Imperialism, and he would be glad to have him in North Carolina upon the same issues to see how it sounded. Mr. Butler has lost none of his ability to please and to captivate his auditors.

ELECTION OF 1898.

The year 1898 will ever be a memorable one in the history of North Carolina, making as it does a new epoch in its political calendar. Two years before there had been a fusion or agreement between the Populist and Democratic parties in which both cast their votes for the Democratic Presidential candidate. This had been brought about by the adoption, by the latter, of which is known as the Chicago platform, near akin to that of the Populists. For one time in the last forty years this party, forgetting its sectional hatred, its utterances that differed only from those of its opponents in word phrasing, had given to the people a clear and unmistakable assurance that it desired earnestly the welfare of the people. For once, in this Southland of ours, so intent was it apparently upon the attainment of this object, and so seemingly honest was it in its motives that the old rallying cry of 'nigger" was lost sight of, and for one campaign, at least, we had peace and a fair, honest election. The result of that campaign is a matter of history. North Carolina gave to Bryan a majority of 20,000. According to agreement, the Populists of Cumberland county voted for Mr. Bryan Democrats differed as to the main plank in the Chicago platform, honestly differed, and they had the right to differ, and no Populist questioned their right. Their votes, if cast for McKinley or for the Gold Democratic candidate was fairly counted and credit given The Democratic machine did not have control of the ballot box at that time. The only regrettable circumstance that occurred in this county during the campaign, was the attempted mobbing of some Northern Democrats, who had, in the eyes of the Democratic machine, the insufferable temerity to undertake to make goldbug speeches in the court house in Fayetteville, after being invited to do so.

Such in brief, is the history of the campaign of 1896.

In the summer of 1898 the Democrats of North Carolina met in Convention in Raleigh. Prior to this meeting, the Populist State Convention had agreed, inasmuch as the two platforms were so nearly alike, and that the two parties had fused upon the Presidential candidate to submit to the Democracy a plan for a complete fusion upon certain conditions. This was done at the instance of certain Democrats and we have the authority of these Democrats in saying that they acted under authority and by advice of Chairman Jones and of Mr. Bryan. But strange to say, the Convention, not only did not fuse, but received the proposition with jeers, openly hissing a gentleman, somewhat more courageous than his compeers who dared to intimate that he would favor it. Suffice it to say, that those who favored the proposition did not have the courage to offer a resolution that had, as we understand, been prepared to accept the proposition and thus was forever defeated the only proposition for the coming together of the two wings of the Vance Democracy.

And now was precipitated upon North Carolina a campaign that will go down in history as one totally uncalled for. Under the leadership of a man that the lamented Vance, upon the floor of the senate declared was utterly unfitted for any position of honor or trust, in a time of comparative peace, the cry of "nigger, nigger, nigger," was heard from the mountains to the sea coast, while armed "red shirts" who had voted for George C. Scurlock colored, for Congress, in preference to B. F. Grady, white, and who had been organized by Francis D. Winston, who had written to the Hon Mr. White, colored, that he "would consider it an honor to ride his judicial district with him," rode through the streets of Fayetteville with a Comanche yell, while night was made hideous by the pop, pop, pop of pistols. Men, who were perfectly innocent of anything like wrong, armed themselves with Winchesters and awaited the terrible, but unknown ordeal. The colored people looked on with stoicism and indifference, wondering what it all meant, and it is a matter to their credit that notwithstanding the abuse heaped upon them, they attempted no retaliation. In the reported language however of the gentleman who is to represent the county in the Senate, "It is not the nigger we are after, but them—Populists." This was the kernel in the nut. In the commencement of the campaign the statement had been made that it was but the beginning of the disintegration of the Populist party. It was to be a war of extermination. Did they disintegrate? Were they exterminated? Atwater traded and has now received his reward. Probably some few others did the same. Buck Kitchin, never knowing exactly where he is at, upon bended knees and grovelling in the dust, kissing the feet of the powers that be, is now thought worthy to make "red shirt" speeches on picnic occasions, but isn't trusted too far. But, seeing that it was impossible to carry the election by intimidation, 25,000 negroes and Republicans were bought and they carried the day by 18,000 majority.

Now comes the rub. Some few, with more conscience than the others, determined to put an end to the howl of "nigger" if possible and began to agitate the question of disfranchisement. A meeting of the Democratic Central Executive Committee is held and they were startled at the figures on exhibition. A campaign [illegible] were only able to purchase, intimidate and steal to the amount of 25,000, and this only gave them a majority of 18,000. But they had the legislature—not a brilliant one 'tis true, but, if we may judge by their acts, an utterly unscrupulous one. When something of real benefit to the people was to be considered, or the expressed wishes of their constituency to be carried out they were sadly deficient. When election laws or disfranchisement measures were the desideratum, they were everything that a Simmons, a Goebel, or a Henry Berry Lowry could wish. They were fully up to the standard, and ready for all emergencies. They adjourned, and Democrat, as well as Populist, and Republican congratulated himself upon the fact. But they adjourned to meet again, and it is thought they are still adjourning and meeting again.

The Constitutional Amendment they gave us was an evidence of their inability to cope with issues of great moment, and yet, at the same time, gave us the most undoubted proof of their ability to meet every exigency in which a question of fraud was to be the outcome. They gave us a disfranchisement act that disfranchised the farm hands and the "old issue," who had never been troublesome in politics, and to-day every train that leaves our county town carries with it more or less of those we are least able to spare, and the picking of cotton has advanced in price from 40 to 65 cents. They did not disfranchise the bar room loafer, or him who has just sufficient education to meet requirements and just sufficient principle to sell his vote to the last man that catches him. With the present election law in operation, according to our county paper, the Democrats voted him. The Democrats depended upon him for votes. He, in turn, depended upon them for countenance, support and office. Ask him his politics, and he would tell you that he was a National Republican, but a State Democrat. Every honest man looked upon him as a rascal. The Democrats patted him on the back; the Republicans despised him, and why they haven't cut his throat and thrown him to the dogs, is, perhaps, because sometimes

"The pleasure is as great
Of being cheated as to cheat."

ELECTION OF 1900.

The August campaign of 1900 was inaugurated. The People's Party held its State Convention and nominated a ticket. They knew that the election law was shameful and susceptible of being abused; but in their wildest imagination they had no idea of the extent to which it would be carried. They challenged the Democrats for joint discussion, but their proposal was declined without thanks. What use for an honest discussion of the question when the ballot box stuffer was in the saddle? What use for any discussion when a typical speech, that was cheered to the echo, was, as delivered, by one of our county candidates: "This is a white man's country, and by the eternal G d they shall rule!" Without analyzation this speech was stolen from Ransom, and the only unfortunate thing is that the candidate referred to is utterly unable to comprehend why the people fail to recognize two of a kind. It was "nig-

Continued on Second Page.

THE CAUCASIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
BY THE CAUCASIAN PUB. CO.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year,	$1.00
Six Months,	.60
Three Months,	35

DOES DANIELS SPEAK FOR BRYAN.

"We will not permit Butler to take any part in the Democratic campaign for Bryan," said Josephus Daniels, Democratic National Committeeman for North Carolina. "He cannot speak upon any Democratic stage, and will be repudiated by us." —Washington Star.

Simmons admits receiving campaign money from the Southern Railroad as follows:

"I HAVE NEVER APPEARED FOR THAT (SOUTHERN) RAILROAD IN ANY CAPACITY. IT HAS NEVER PAID ME A CENT OF MONEY IN MY LIFE EXCEPT A CONTRIBUTION MADE TO ME AS CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE IN 1898, WHICH WAS SPENT FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE PARTY."

Extract from Simmons' letter in the News and Observer, Sept. 18th, 1900.

REDSHIRT RUFFIANISM IN COLORADO.

A few days ago Mr. Roosevelt, the Republican candidate for Vice-President, Senator Wolcott and the Republican candidate for Governor of Colorado, were at Victor, Colorado, to fill an appointment to speak. Their meeting, however, was broken up by a gang of rowdies, who seems to have employed about the same methods employed by the Simmons redshirts in North Carolina to prevent free speech and to break up public meetings. The conduct of these redshirt rowdies is not only a disgrace to Colorado, but to the whole country. Mr. Bryan was quick to see that the conduct of the redshirt anarchists in Colorado would be disapproved of and denounced by all fair minded citizens, and that it would do him more harm than good. Therefore, he gave out an official interview the next morning deploring and denouncing the conduct of those who had denied free speech and broken up a public meeting; and as a further effort to atone for this crime against republican institutions, he requested his friends in Lincoln, Nebraska, to take his picture from every show window in the town on the day that Mr. Roosevelt should go there to speak. This action of Mr. Bryan's is very commendable, and is [illegible] with the speeches he has [illegible] man liberty and for government by the consent of the governed. But we regret to have to state that up to date Mr. Bryan has not denounced similar methods employed by the Democratic machine in North Carolina.

IMPERIALISM IN THE PHILIPPINES AND IMPERIALISM IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Mr. Bryan in his speeches out West, is each day quoting from the Declaration of Independence, and quoting the utterances of Abraham Lincoln and Thomas Jefferson in support of those great fundamental principles of free speech, liberty and good government. He has grown eloquent each day in denouncing imperialism, and showing that wherever there is government without the consent of the governed, that there, there is imperialism. It would be interesting to see Mr. Bryan come to North Carolina and make one of these speeches. He could not do so without denouncing Simmons and the whole Redshirt Democratic machine. Indeed, he would have to denounce them with greater vigor than he denounces Mr. McKinley's policy in the Philippines. If the inauguration of imperialism over savages thousands of miles away in the Pacific ocean is an attack upon the fundamental principles of good government, is not the inauguration of imperialism in North Carolina over our own people who fought for their liberties in the Revolutionary War a thousand times worse?

Wilmington does not seem to be up to date in the matter of ballot-box stuffing. In New Hanover Co. the machine seems to have been content with preventing any one opposed to the Democratic ticket from voting, that is, those they did not kill in 1898. It seems that they served notice on them that they would kill them this time if they voted. But Halifax and other negro counties were not satisfied with preventing the opposition from voting, but took great pains to see that every negro vote especially was registered in order that it might be counted for the Democratic ticket. In this way Halifax gets a stolen majority of about 6,000, while New Hanover gets less than half that amount. The Wilmington machine is badly behind the times.

Did the negroes in Halifax county vote for the amendment and for the Democratic ticket or were their votes stolen and counted for that ticket? We await the answer of the Simmons machine to this question. We are willing for them to select whichever horn of the dilemma they prefer.

What a glorious boon is liberty—in the Philippines. The Simmons machine tried to crucify it in North Carolina in the recent campaign.

WHAT A HOLLOW MOCKERY!

Mr. Lee S. Overman, in a speech to the Democratic Clubs in this city last week said:

"We are Democrats. We are proud of our party's past history and its traditions. It stands for the Declaration of Independence, and the Constitution sacred."

Surely Mr. Overman must be woefully ignorant of the principles enunciated in the Declaration of Independence and the guarantees of the Federal Constitution, in making such an assertion; or else he has forgotten the recent "force and fraud" campaign, in which thousands of white men, whose ancestors fought at Alamance, King's Mountain and Moore's Creek, lost their political liberties by having their ballots stolen from them.

Neither the Declaration of Independence, that "all men are created equal" nor the constitution was in any sense "sacred" to the Democratic machine.

What a sham and hollow mockery is it for Mr. Overman now to declare that his party here in North Carolina has any regard for the Federal Constitution or the Declaration of Independence!

In this State it stands for "force, fraud," anarchy, redshirtism and government by the mob.

Indeed, with such a "history" and such a RECORD as it has made in North Carolina in the last two campaigns, why should not every Democrat rise to his full height and declare that he is "PROUD" of his party and its RECENT CONDUCT in denying men the right of free speech—thus trampling under foot the sacred guarantees of the Constitution!

FACTS ABOUT THE FRAUDS IN HALIFAX.

In another column, under the heading of "Force, Fraud and Intimidation, will be found a report from Halifax county. If the facts stated in this report are correct it shows that the Simmons machine in that county, not only counted the solid negro vote of that county for the Democratic ticket and for the amendment, but that they actually counted in some precincts more votes than the total registered vote of all parties. In this connection it will be remembered that on the night of the election the red shirt machine of Halifax county telegraphed Mr. Simmons that they had carried the county by six thousand majority, and it is reported that Mr. Simmons replied asking them to reduce that majority. If we remember correctly the papers for two or three days announced the majority at about 1,000, and then it suddenly jumped up to 6,000 and pers. We have been told that the Democratic machine in Halifax Co. submitted for two or three days to Mr. Simmons' order to reduce the majority for decency sake, and then they swore that they were entitled to the Democratic banner, and having stolen the votes they must have the credit for their rascality, and they insisted that the majority be put down at about 6,000. If there is any mistake in the facts reported from Halifax county, THE CAUCASIAN will gladly correct it. We will wait a week or two without comment to see if a correction is asked. But one thing is certain, as the matter now stands: that Halifax county, the biggest negro county in the State, is entitled to the Democratic banner.

No man who left the Democratic party on account of the action of the machine has any reason to return to it. It is safe to say that the Democratic machine, after its recent campaign of abuse, vituperation, mob violence and murder, can not appeal with any success to the law-abiding, conservative element, to join it. The masses have respect for law and order, while the Simmons crowd stand for the opposite.

It would be interesting to know the amount of the contribution that Simmons received from the Southern railroad for campaign purposes in 1898.

Wonder if Simmons will get six thousand majority in Halifax county in the Senatorial primary? If not, why not? Will he make the four thousand and more "niggers" vote for him?

The Democrats of Ohio are charging that the Republicans have the Goebel election law there and that under it they will steal the State. We suggest that they might try the Simmons law if they want to steal by wholesale and be sure that there will be no witnesses on hand to testify to the fact.

The cause of truth, justice and liberty cannot be advanced without diligent efforts and personal sacrifices. Our ancestors did not stop to count the cost in their struggle for liberty. Shall it be said that we are degenerate sons of noble sires? Are you willing to work to preserve your liberty?

Does Mr. Bryan endorse the Democratic brand of imperialism in this State? We do not believe that he does, otherwise he could not each day be quoting the fine and lofty sentiments of Jefferson and Lincoln for liberty and advocating the great principles of the declaration of the independence. But would it not be well for him to take a little of his time to denounce the red shirt anarchy in North Carolina along with the milder form of imperialism in the Philippines?

WHERE WAS LIBERTY IN THIS STATE.

The Biblical Recorder of last issue had an excellent editorial on "Christianity and Liberty."

"Christianity is the mother of Liberty" says the Recorder, and if that be true we rise to ask our contemporary why was the "mother" silent or absent in the last campaign when Liberty was being so ruthlessly stabbed?

If "Christianity" is the "mother of Liberty" she should certainly have asserted herself when bloodshed, riot and anarchy were rife in the State prior to the last election, that precious boon, Liberty, was receiving death wounds in the grand old State that was first to protest against the injustice, wrongs and oppressions of the despised English King who denied the colonists any voice in the government.

The Recorder states a truism in the following:

"Give a man the right to vote and by any means deny him the privilege of thinking or speaking. and you have a slave."

The Recorder can be of valuable service to the people of the State who love honesty in politics by joining with THE CAUCASIAN in urging the repeal of the infamous Goebel-Simmons law under which such glaring frauds are committed.

The repeal of this law and the enactment of one that is fair to all political parties will remove all danger of making a "slave" of a man who as the law now exists, is denied the privilege of voting and having his vote counted as cast, unless he votes with the Simmons "force and fraud" crowd. The Recorder, no doubt, has many subscribers who had their ballots stolen from them in the last campaign and it should join now in an effort to remove such a disgraceful law from the statute books. Will our esteemed contemporary take up its cudgel against this vicious law and advocate one that is fair and just?

Speaking of Liberty the Recorder says:

"There can be no liberty unless there is liberty of thought and of speech—and we mean absolute opportunity without any hindrance whatever save honorable argument and persuasion. Without such liberty our country would fall very quickly. A free press and a free platform standing for liberty of speech, a free church standing for soul liberty, a free school system standing for freedom to think, a free ballot standing for freedom to act—upon these is our nation founded, and each one of them is an essential part of a whole."

MAYOR JONES ON IMPERIALISM.

Mayor Jones, of Toledo, Ohio, who ran for governor of Ohio last year polled over 100,000 votes, is out making speeches for Bryan.

A few days ago, while he was speaking on imperialism, some one in the audience asked him what he thought of imperialism in North Carolina. Mr. Jones promptly replied that he was against imperialism anywhere, and that if he was in North Carolina that he would fight the Democratic brand of imperialism there just as he was fighting the Republican brand of imperialism in the Philippines.

Mayor Jones might have gone a step further, and shown how much more odious and unjustifiable imperialism is here in North Carolina over our own people, than it could possibly be in the Philippine Islands

The Democratic candidate for governor of Delaware, in opening his campaign in that State the other day, said that honest elections lay at the very foundation of Republican institutions. He said that until every voter could cast one free vote, and have that vote counted as cast, that there could be no other question for free men to consider. What would that Democratic candidate for governor of Delaware say if he should read the Simmons election law and then see the red shirt ballot box stuffing machine at work? The law was drawn to legalize the deepest fraud and the blackest rascality. But the election officers went further in their thievery than even that infamous law provided. There is not an honest man in the State who can endorse the methods of the red shirt machine.

Can you find one honest man in your neighborhood who endorsed the methods of the Simmons machine in breaking up public meetings and denying free speech by red shirt mobs and also in stuffing ballot boxes and stealing votes by the wholesale? If so, please send us his name and post office and let us know how honest you think he is.

If it was right to deny the People's Party and the Republican party representation of their own selection on the election boards at the August election, then why do the candidates for the Senate demand this right at the Senatorial primary? It seems that they were willing for Simmons to steal votes from Republicans and Populists, but they are not willing for him to steal from them their part of the stolen goods.

The receiving of stolen goods is just as great a crime as the stealing of them. Therefore those who have received the stolen offices are no better than the Simmons Redshirt machine that did the stealing.

The great Lincoln who believed in the liberty of man, said: "Stand with anybody that stands right, stand with him while he is right and part with him when he goes wrong."

JARVIS IN THE RACE.

Ex-Governor Jarvis, of "disinterests visiting statesman" fame, has announced through the press, his candidacy for the Senate.

He writes a history of his services to his party in past campaigns and appeals to the voters to reward him on the ground of past services. He "points with pride" to his brief carear in the Senate as an earnest of the great things he will do if chosen for the position.

Indeed, the whole State will await in breathless silence the annoucement of the glorious (?) and brilliant (?) achievements in the Senate by the "distinguished visiting statesman."

It is surprising that he should have so long kept his senatorial achievements in the background.

In his letter Senator Jarvis says: "We have a common enemy whose policies tend to undermine and endanger the very foundation of this Republic, and which if not checked will in time convert it into an oligarchy, if not an empire."

Truly the "distinguished visiting statesman," who is now so fearful lest this grand Republic be transformed into an "empire," has lost sight of the fact that he and the Simmons "oligarchy" were engaged in a dastardly struggle in the last election to "convert" this old State into a political "empire," to be dominated solely by an "oligarchy" that has no respect for the rights of others. On the contrary the "consent of the governed" was in no sense a guiding principle with the North Carolina Democracy.

Let the "disinterested visiting statesman" and all others who denounce imperialism abroad sweep their own doors first; let them "practice what they preach."

While craving justice and self-government for the Filipinos let these North Carolina Democrats first manifest some degree of consistency and honesty in the principle at home. We believe in free, popular government everywhere, and that the Filipinos should be given the right to govern themselves; but we likewise ask justice first for our own country.

THIS IS IMPERIALISM.

Gov. Roosevelt, in a speech at Canyon City, Col., the next day after he was assaulted by a mob and his meeting broken up at Victor, referred to the matter, while imperialism, as follows:

"The only danger of imperialism is if it is invited as a reaction against anarchy. Anarchy is the handmaiden of tyranny. If ever we grow to substitute lawless mob violence for the orderly liberty that we enjoy under the law; if ever we grow to substitute the rule of brutal force for the rule of the ballot, where the ballot is cast freely and counted as cast; if ever we grow to exchange for government by debate in the legislatures of the country and on the stump; if ever we grow to exchange for those the violence that finds expression in either word or deed, then we will indeed be within a measurable distance of losing our liberty. Then, and not till then, the worst thing this country can have is the man sitting in ease at home exciting other men who are ignorant to deeds of violence, and whether the exciting to violence be by a politician or the editor of a newspaper, the effect is the same."

In the above Gov. Roosevelt has described the real and most dangerous kind of imperialism. It is the kind that will crucify liberty and destroy the Republic, if it is ever destroyed.

The above is the kind of imperialism we have in North Carolina, and we feel sure that Mr. Bryan does not endorse it any more than does Gov. Roosevelt. But when he condemns it, he must condemn the Simmons machine in this State.

Col. Kenan has been re-elected clerk of the Supreme court, and the News and Observer says that distinguished tribune "has done well." If you want to win praise from the average Democratic machine paper, do something that will enable a Democrat to get an office and immediately you become a nice fellow, and are lauded for a "graceful" act. Everybody will remember how abusive the News and Observer was when certain decisions of that court caused some Democrats to lose their offices on account of being elected by unconstitutional methods.

There are only 2,369 white voters in Edgcombe county, yet that county went Democratic (?) in August by 3,500 majority, Now, the question arises, will the Carr and Simmons vote combined in Edgcombe be 2,369, or will they still have that 3,500 majority? Will they have all the "niggers" down there to go Democratic (?) again? If the combined vote is only 2,369, will they not show to what extent fraud and vote stealing were practiced?

Can there be any compromise with "fraud, force" and dishonesty in politics, any more than in business affairs? Let every honest man deliberately ask himself these questions: "Do I want my boy brought up in an atmosphere of fraud, dishonesty and corruption? Do I want him taught to disregard law and order?"

BRYAN'S VIEW OF ASSAULT.

He Says It Was Not the Work of a Political Organization.

Nebraska City, Nebr., Sept. 26.—Being shown a telegram to the effect that Theodore Roosevelt was assaulted at Victor, Colo., by a band of hired ruffians to-night, Mr. Bryan wrote the following statement:

"From what I know of the people of Colorado, I am not willing to believe without further evidence that they denied to Mr. Roosevelt or to any one else a fair hearing. If it proves true that he was mobbed or in any way interfered with, I am sure that it was not the work of any political organization. There can be no justification for a resort to violence in this country, and those who resort to it injure the cause which they represent."

Before leaving for Nebraska City this evening, Mr. Bryan, in a note to the press, requested that his political friends remove his pictures from the windows on October 2 as a matter of courtesy to the Republican candidate for Vice President, Col. Roosevelt, who visits the city on that day.

TAXATION WITHOUT REPRESENTATION.

A Business Man Forced to Leave Kinston on Account of Mistreatment by the Democrats.

EDITOR CAUCASIAN—DEAR SIR:—As I have never written anything to the CAUCASIAN, I thought I would like to have space in it to say a word or two about the way I was treated in the August election. The night of the election I was met by a mob of one hundred men whose purpose it was to rotten egg me, because I did not vote the Democratic ticket, and they would have succeeded in their purpose had I not entered a store near by and been protected by the store keeper.

This occurred in Kinston where I was in business, and the mistreatment I received there caused me to leave the town and leave my business in the hands of a friend. The day of election I was giving out tickets and some of the Democrats around me began smoking in my face, but I did not resist, as I knew that was what they wanted. They found that would not do, and they pushed one of their number against my table, turning the table over and scattering the tickets over the floor. When it came time to count they would not allow any one of our party to see them counted, neither did they allow us any poll holder. When the votes were counted out they gave us only 45 votes against the amendment, while I think the votes cast against it were between three and four hundred. There has never been a time in the history of the State when so much fraud was carried on.

J. T. BARKER.
Gum Branch, N. C., Sept. 28, 1900.

Congressional Convention 3d District.

The Populist Congressional Convention of the Third District assembled in the court house, in the town of Clinton, on Tuesday, Sept. 25, 1900, and was called to order by Mr. V. J. McArthur, Chairman of [illegible] called Mr. J. McK. Byrd, of Harnett as temporary chairman, and Mr. W. G. McCullen, local editor of THE CAUCASIAN, as temporary Secretary and W. F. Sessoms as Assistant Secretary.

Temporary organization was made permanent.

The following were appointed a committee on Platform and Resolutions:

W. C. Wilcox, of Moore county.
S. M. Jackson, of Harnett county.
L. J. Tew, of Cumberland county.
J. W. Smith, of Bladen county.
R. G. Maxwell, of Duplin county.
S. T. Johnson and Maj. George E. Butler, of Sampson county.

While the committee was out preparing its report the Convention was highly entertained by addresses from Messrs. J. C. McMillan and R. G. Maxwell, of Duplin, and T. E. Owen, of Sampson.

The Committee on Platforms and Resolutions returned and submitted the following report which was unaimously adopted by the Convention.

RESOLUTIONS.

1, That we are citizens of North Carolina, freemen, and are entitled by virtue of the State Constitution to free and fair elections, and therefore demand same.

2, That we are entitled to freedom from interference and any attempt at intimidation, and to this end we demand the abolition of red shirts.

3, That we demand that the violation of all law and order in interfering with public speakers, entitled to free speech, be established and that men be guaranteed their free liberty in this respect.

4, That we most heartily endorse our State and national platforms, and pledge ourselves to their furtherance in every particular.

5, That we heartily endorse and approve the course of our Senators and Representatives in Congress.

W. C. Wilcox, Moore Co.
S. M. Jackson, Harnett Co.
L. J. Tew, Cumberland Co.
J. W. Smith, Bladen Co.
S. T. Johnson, Sampson Co.
R. G. Maxwell, Duplin Co.
G. E. Butler, Sampson Co.
J. E. Garrett, Cumberland Co.

Nominations then being in order, Mr. J. E. Garrett, Chairman of the Populist Executive Committee, of Cumberland county, arose, and in a well worded speech presented to the Convention the name of Hon. John E. Fowler, of Sampson county, no other name being presented to the Convention, the nomination of Mr. Fowler was made unanimous.

On motion of Mr. W. F. Sessoms, Chairman of the Populist Executive Committee of Sampson county, a committee consisting of Mr. J. E. Garrett, of Cumberland county and Mr. R. A. Wilkins, of Duplin county; were appointed to notify Mr. Fowler of his nomination.

The Committee reported with the person of Mr. Fowler, who took the stand, and in a short, but well-directed speech accepted the nomination.

Mr. C. C. Vann, of Duplin county, was elected a member of the State Executive committee in place of Mr. E. M. Cole, of Moore county.

Mr. V. J. McArthur was re-elected Chairman of the Congressional Committee of the 3d District.

On motion of Mr. W. C. Wilcox, of Moore, the Convention then adjourned.

J. Mc. K. BYRD, Chairman.
W. G. McCULLEN, Sec.

INDIGNATION MEETING.

Continued from First Page.

ger, nigger" again. Our county Democratic organ had very early in the campaign pronounced the election law a good thing, as one "endorsed by all good men, and approved by ministers of the gospel even," and it really looked as if it were so. Men whom we had been taught to look upon as sans peur et sans reproche, as set apart as an example for their fellow-men, godly and godfearing, wise in their day and generation, laying up a sure foundation for the time to come, exhorters in the churches, some ministers even, were engaged in the cry that we have listened to for 35 years and that has no reason in fact, "nigger, nigger, nigger." Try to argue the question with one of them, if you pleased, and the logic that had stood him in good stead in bringing sinners to repentance, utterly failed him, but with a vacant stare, totally at variance with an honest desire, he would reply: "The time has come for all white men to stand together." This course may be subject to explanation, but until that explanation is made one must be impressed with the truth of the couplet:

"Making good the saying odd,
Near the church and far from God."

Preachers were the red-shirt members of the churches engaged in practices that will forever damage their influence for good—for what purpose? Was it to disfranchise the negro? No. For 30 years he has been disfranchised and, not only so, but his vote has been counted for the Democrats, and will be until the end of time. Then what was it? Was it because the opposition was of that character, morally or otherwise, calculated to bring reproach upon the county? We might ask for a comparison of nominees and accept a Democratic jury were it not a marked characteristic of that party that

"—After much debate,
The man prevails above the magistrate."

Then what was it? It was for the purpose of disrupting the Populist party. Did they do it? Go to Sampson county and see, go to Harnett county to-morrow. The principles for which they fought is as important today as yesterday, and the party as strong as when first organized. What was the cry immediately after the election? Was it not that Marion Butler would have to leave the State? Has he done it? They would like to see him go.

To all outward appearances it was not as violent a campaign as its predecessors of two years before. The midnight robber gives no notice of his approach to his intended victim. The slogan of their Governor, as reported through the newspapers, was that the last campaign was one of force, this was to be one of fraud. The election board in Cumberland had secured the services of their agents. The discussion in this county was but a "blind". A campaign that has no equal in the State with such limited means, personally conducted by Senator Butler, was waged by the Populists with every appearance of 50,000 majority in the State. We had every prospect of carrying this county. The morning of election [illegible] polling place roped off and bailiffs and partisan judges in place, but Populists had no representation. The first news received in the morning was that the registration books at Cedar Creek, a strong Populist stronghold had been stolen. After this we were prepared for intimidation and fraud from every quarter, and it came from Black River, Flea Hill No. 1 and 2, Hale's School House, Newton's, Ray's, Gray's Creek, Carver's Creek, etc., and in Cross Creek, not content with counting the entire negro vote, for the constitutional Amendment and their ticket the few personal votes cast by friends for Populist candidates were counted for the opposition. This may be right in the eyes of some. It may even be "endorsed by good men and approved by ministers of the gospel even," but let us hope that it is not endorsed by all good men and all ministers of the gospel. for certain it is that, if such were the case, the devil has a clear title to the human family, or that portion of it represented by the so-called Democracy. There is one consolation. The fusionists came out of the contest with hands untarnished with fraud, and with consciences clear. They knew that they had been vilely defrauded and as put by a Democratic paper were "simply infuriated," and it is an infuriation that will last. Their confidence is destroyed in their fellowman and in some cases can never be restored. Their respect even for some claiming to be embassadors of the lowly Nazarene is gone. They know that never again in the history of North Carolina can there be a fair, free expression of opinion at the ballot box so long as the Democratic party holds the reins of government. But they are asking no quarters. They are not "bending the pregnant hinges of the knee that thrift may follow fawning." They are not protesting against a Democratic victory, but are protesting against the means of its accomplishment. They are not seeking by this means to alter that verdict; such an effort may be resorted to in other ways and by other means. They have been insulted; their speakers have been denied free speech in the State; violence has in many instances been used to prevent them from assembling themselves together, and this in violation of the constitution of North Carolina. In a sister county seventeen of her sons have been dragged from their homes into another county, to be tried for having the manhood to give expression to their contempt and utter abhorrence of the methods adopted by partisans, both dishonest and fraudulent. They were entitled to trial in their own county, and the only reason that can be ascribed is that the prosecution feared the issue where they are best known.

In this county of Cumberland we have been refused the use of the the court house for a public speaking, something unheard of before, and when it is remembered that we have an equal interest in that building as citizens and tax payers of the county, and as much right to its use as have other citizens and other political parties, it becomes a matter of the utmost importance to us to know how long before every right and privilage will be abridged. Men have been discharged from employment for voting the Populist ticket, and it is a mooted question with many as to how long we will be allowed to serve God according to the dictates of our own consciences. Talk about imperialism as a national issue, forsooth, when imperialism in its darkest and most aggravated form exists in North Carolina. Talk about Filipino imperialism when we have North Carolina imperialism administered to us at the hands of Bryan Democrats, with the cry of imperialism on their tongues.

It is charged that Bryan talks about imperialism in the West and that he is not only an apologist and advocate of Goebelism in Kentucky, but Simmonsism in North Carolina. Let us hope for the sake of humanity that this is not true. Can it be possible, as reported, that he has instructed his special organs in this State to advocate Simmons for Senator, and that they have dipped their flags and are obeying? If so, truly the memory of Vance is dead and we have fallen upon troublesome times!

The present election law, in the hands of corrupt agents, can be so manipulated as to forever prevent a majority from controlling.

All that we ask is that men be allowed to vote as they please, and that their votes be counted

Upon this showing, your committee would respectfully submit for your consideration the following resolutions:

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

RESOLVED 1. That we deplore and abhor the methods adopted by the Democratic machine in this State and regret that they find it necessary to resort to such methods in order to maintain their control of affairs.

2. That we are freemen, North Carolinians, entitled to every consideration guaranteed to us by the constitution—the right to assemble ourselves together; endowed by our Creator with certain inalienable rights, such as life and liberty; that we are entitled to free elections; that we are entitled to free speech; that no human authority should in any way interfere with the rights of conscience. We are entitled to protection by the constitution of North Carolina. That failing, we are also entitled to protection by the United States government, and we are justified now in asking for that protection.

3. That North Carolina was never so disgraced as she was when, during the August campaign, the gallant Confederate soldier, Capt R. B. Davis, and others were assaulted and prevented from filling their appointments by armed bands of red-shirts and scoundrels; and we denounce them as violating the laws of North Carolina, but we recognize their immunity from punishment by the obstacles that will be thrown in the way of any appeal to justice at the hands of a partisan magistracy and judiciary.

4. That we and each of us hold ourselves in readiness to prosecute to the end in the Federal Court any such attempt on the part of ballot box stuffers and red-shirts to hold other than a fair election and to give other than a fair count in the pending campaign.

5. That we denounce the present election law as violative not only of the highest moral law given to man, but as destructive of liberty and subversive of the very genius of our institutions; as alike dangerous to the creator and manipulator as well as to the coerced and defrauded; as destroying honesty and integrity and heaping up distrust and hatred; as defecting the will of the people and crushing the result of the ballot; as giving to men offices to which they are not entitled and defrauding men to whom the honors and emoluments of same justly belong; as suborning the courts and defiling the springs of justice; as furnishing to a partisan judiciary the necessary stamina to do the behests of its party and placing law and order at a discount.

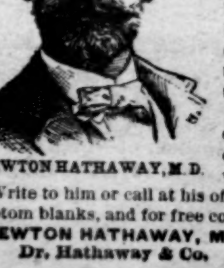
6. That we still have an abiding faith in the courage, honesty, wisdom and patriotism of the Hon. Marion Butler, whose life, public and private, pure, as it is, is a sufficient answer to his traducers, and we wish thus publically to give expression to our confidence and esteem.

J. E. GARRETT, Cross Creek.
D. C. DOWNING, Cedar Creek.
G. F. BULLARD, Beaver Dam.
H. M. FILLYAW, 71st Township.
JOHN C. CURRIE, Quewhifle.
JAMES PATE, Grays Creek.
D. G. MCLELLAN, Black River.
M. N. BULLARD, Pearce's Mill.
CYRUS MURPHY, Flea Hill.
H. M. PATE, Rockfish.

The Simmons and Carr forces may make the Senatorial campaign quite lively.

STRICTURE

When neglected, almost invariably results in a score of serious complications, frequently causing uremic poisoning resulting in death. Stricture, even when slight, weakens the whole urinary and genital organism and the whole nervous system. The ordinary methods resorted to for a cure are not only excruciatingly painful, but frequently cause disorders as serious as the stricture itself.



J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D.

Dr. Hathaway years ago discarded these old-time barbarous methods and perfected a system by which he removes the stricture, reducing the thickened walls of the passage to a normal conditon. There is no operation. The treatment is applied by the patient himself. It is painless and takes no time from business. The cure effected is permanent and all complications of the diseased conditions are removed. This method of treatment and cure of Stricture is exclusively used by Dr. Hathaway.

Dr. Hathaway, by a similar method, cures Varicocele without operation. All Sexual, Urinary, Nervous, Blood and other diseases of a chronic nature are treated by him by his exclusive system, which for 20 years has proved invariable in its results.

Write to him or call at his office for a free copy of his new 64 page book and self-examination symptom blanks, and for free consultation and advice.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D.
Dr. Hathaway & Co.
22½ "D" South Broad Street,
Atlanta, Ga.

THE CAUCASIAN

The Leading Weekly in North Carolina.

The Farmer and Mechanic's Paper.

CONTAINS ALL THE NEWS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF THE STATE AND FROM ALL OVER THE COUNTRY.

For Single Subscription One Year, $1.

OUR GRAND CLUB RATE.

Send us Five Cash Subscriptions, and we will send you the Paper one year Free; or if you are already a Subscriber we will move up your date one year.

If you wish to reach the People advertise in THE CAUCASIAN.

Agents wanted in every Neighborhood. Write for rates.

CAUCASIAN PUB. CO.

A Proclamation by the Governor.

$200.00 Reward.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, official information has been received at this department that Jonathan Bennett, on the first day of November, 1897, in Yancey county, N. C., did kill and murder one Lenora Ray, and

WHEREAS, it appears that the said Jonathan Bennett has fled the State, or so conceals himself that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him:

Now, therefore, I, D. L. Russell, Governor of the State of North Carolina, by virtue of authority in me vested by law, do issue this my proclamation, offering a reward of Two Hundred Dollars for the apprehension and delivery of the said Jonathan Bennett to the Sheriff of Yancey county at the Court-house in Burnsville, N. C., and I do enjoin all officers of the State and all good citizens to assist in bringing said criminal to justice.

Done at our City of Raleigh, the 23th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and in the one hundred and twenty-fifth year of our American Independence.

DANIEL L. RUSSELL.

By the Governor:
BAYLUS CADE,
Private Secretary.

THE CAUCASIAN.

Raleigh, N. C., October 4, 1900.

Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

Chauncy Davis was hanged for arson at Tarboro last Friday.

The Annual Convention of the Daughters of the Confederacy will be held in Raleigh on Oct. 9th.

Four men, three negroes and one white man, were brought to the penitentiary Tuesday from Pitt county.

Another negro broke out with the small pox, was sent to the Pest House here Tuesday. He was from Petersburg also.

The Carrollton Hotel will opene again Oct. 10.h, under new management. See their ad in another column of this issue.

Mr. J. P. Sossamon, Chairman, has issued a call to the Middle-of-the-Road Populists to meet in Raleigh October 11th to nominate the Electors for that party

Archie Kinsauls was hanged in Clinton last Friday for the murder of John Herring. The murder was committed at Beamans X Roads, in Sampson county, in 1898.

We call your attention to the new advertisement of Messrs. Dobbin & Ferrall in this issue. They always have a nice line of goods in stock, and you would do well to call on them when in the city.

We have an anonymous communication signed "A Voter," which we will be pleased to publish if the writer will make known his identity. We do not wish to publish the name, but we must know the author before a communication is published.

A negro broke out and suffering with smallpox came in Sunday night from Petersburg, Va., and was at once sent out to the pest house. He went direct from the train to the City Physician McGee, who had him taken to the pest house at once. The negro gave his name as Robert Green, and said there was much smallpox in Petersburg.—News and Observer.

On Wednesday of last week representatives of all the Democratic Clubs in the State met in Raleigh—did I say all, well, a part of them. There were only forty present at the afternoon session, including the orators of the day, newspaper reporters and a little boy in the back of the hall. At the night session the crowd was small Mr. Beckwith, the last speaker, did not seem to have magnetism enough about him to hold his audience as there was not over one hundred people in the hall when he stopped speaking.

THE CARROLLTON HOTEL

To Open Again Under New Management.

The Carrollton Hotel will open again to the travelling public Oct. 10th, under new management. The building has been thoroughly renovated from top to bottom. Mrs. M. S. James is the new proprietor, and Mr. M. S. Gregory manager. Mr. Gregory has had considerable experience in the hotel business, and we are sure he will make the Carrollton one of the best hotels in the State.

North Carolina Car Burned in Ohio.

KINGSTON, Ohio. Oct. 1.—The private car of the North Carolina Exposition Company, belonging to that State, burned to the ground this morning. William Bason, the manager and assistant were awakened by a dog and barely escaped with their lives. The car contained exhibits of the mineral and agricultural resources of North Carolina. Loss $18,000.

This Man Surely Carried His Democracy Into the Next World With Him.

Washington Post.

"Political feeling is so strong in North Carolina that a murderer made two ineffectual attempts at suicide, so eager was his desire to escape the humiliation of being hanged by a Populist sheriff. This man surely carried his Democracy into the next world with him."

Wouldn't North Carolina have been better off if he had taken it all with him?

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder Disease relieved in six hours by "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDEY CURE," It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, druggist, Raleigh, N. C.
Sept. 19-1y.

A Democratic Paper's Opinion.

Henderson Gold Leaf.

Mr. Pou may have known his own mind and meant what he said when he withdrew from the Congressional contest, but it seems there were some who didn't believe him. Had he stayed in the race when he was in or kept out when he got out the friends of other candidates would have thought better of him.

Mr. Cosmo Monkhouse, the English art-writer, is undoubtedly the greatest living authority with regard to the work of George Frederick Watts. Mr. Monkhouse contributes an article on Mr. Watt's personal life and character to the October Magazine Number of The Outlook. It is illustrated by fine reproductions of Watts' portrait of himself and of half a dozen of his most famous pictures. ($3 a year. The Outlook Company, New York.)

The Chatham Manufacturing Company, of Elkin, gave $100 worth of blankets and the people of Elkin $35 in cash to the Galveston sufferers.

Good resolutions are like pet bears—few people keep them.

STATE FAIR OCT. 22-27.

WILL BE A GRAND DISPLAY OF FARM PRODUCTS FROM ALL OVER THE STATE.

The Midway Will be a Great Feature This Year.

The State Fair this year offers the following special and attractive premiums to our farmers.

OPEN TO ALL.

For the largest and best display of agricultural products, garden vegetables, fruits and home industries: First prize, $60.00; and one years' subscription to the Progressive Farmer given by the publishers; second premium $40.00.

(Open only to those who have not used more than two horses on their farm for the year 1900.) In the largest and best display of agricultural products, i. e. as above, from a two horse farm, where exhibitor resides permanently upon his farm, first premium $20.00, second premium, $10.00.

Open only to those who have not used more than one horse on their farm for the year 1900. In the best display of agricultural prodvcts, i. e. as above, from a one-horse farm, where exhibitor resides permanently upon his farm. First premium $20.00, second premium $10.00.

In the best display of farm products, dairy, smokehouse, household, garden and trucking industries from a trucking farm $25.00.

The same for the varied products of a mountain farm, $25.00.

Articles entered for the foregoing cannot compete for individual premiums. All exhibits must be grown or produced by persons competing or under his immediate direction.

NOTES ON THE FAIR.

The Fair opens Monday, 22nd. Do not forget the date. There will be the best races ever known in the State, and for the largest purses. A shooting contest by Raleigh Gun Club on Wednesday for Gold Medal—a grand Tournament on Thursday and Friday by Clubs throughout the country in Clay Pigeon shooting. On Friday the great game of Football between the A. & M. College, of Virginia and North Carolina, Blacksburg and Raleigh.

Friday is Educational Day. Great revelation to the people of the State of the work going on in their schools and colleges, institutions for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind, and Orphan Asylum—at Morganton, Raleigh and Oxford.

On the Midway will be found something of everything—Merry-Go-Round, Razzle Dazzle, Compound Bicycle Go-Round, Tom Thumb Railroad, Falls of Niagara, Swiss Bell Ringers, "Street Tempest," Educated Horse, the trained Alligators, Snake Shows, Wild Man, Snake Eater, and every variety of entertaining, interesting and instructive exhibits.

The Horseless Carriage will be exhibited on the track by the Mobile Company of America, which will attract the attention of thousands. Send for Premium List. Look out for low rates on Railroads every day from Friday, 19th to Monday, 29th, inclusive.

Monroe a Health Resort for Man and Beast.

Morning Post.

The thriving and enterprising town of Monroe, in Union county, rejoices in the possession of an artesian well, the waters of which are marvelous in their beneficial effects upon both man and beast. A prominent judge cannot get on without it, a mule of the vicinity will not drink any other, while we have no doubt the "children cry for it." The two following items, taken from our esteemed contemporary, the Monroe Enquirer, tell the story:

"Judge Shaw, who has been suffering with gastritis, says that he was benfitted more by the Monroe artesian water than by any other water he has found. Water is being shipped from here to Dallas this week for Judge Shaw's use while holding court in that town."

"A gentleman living several miles from Monroe has been coming to town every day for some time. A neighbor asked him yesterday why he went to town so often. The man replied: "My mule had indigestion terribly bad. I was in Monroe two days week before last, and that artesian water helped this Balaam's stomach so much that he will no drink any other water. I am simply taking my mule to water."

We can only venture to inquire, Does that "Balaam" do drinking for his mule?

A Remarkable Case.

New York Dispatch.

The case of Miss Anna Morgan, of No. 655 Quincy street, Brooklyn, is one that is to be discussed in medical publications. Miss Morgan, who is 50 years of age, had a stroke of paralysis last March, for which she was treated in a hospital. As she improved physically her mind in inverse ratio became clouded and she became seized with weird religious mania.

She was sent to a Manhattan neurologist, who, suspecting a disturbance of the spinal chord, made an examination and discovered a dislocation of the atlas—that section of the vertebrae immediately supporting the skull. It was twisted and moved to the right on its bed of cartilage. This had caused obstruction of the circulation and a disturbance of the nervous system, which accentuated the patient's special mental weakness, producing religious mania. He reduced the dislocation without difficulty. The patient's mind became instantly clear.

The Greensboro Record says that Judge Boyd has adopted a new plan for drawing Federal Court Jurors. He has caused to be appointed two men in each county in the district, of different political faith, who select a certain number of names to be sent to the commissioners and placed in a box. A small boy then draws them from a hat and the duty of the commissioners is only to certify to those names.

The last few numbers of the Cosmopolitan Magazine have contained some very amusing cartoons illustrating "Hiprah Hunt's Journey through the Inferno.

WANTED.—Two reliable Traveling Salesmen in each State; permanent position; salary and expenses; experience not absolutely essential. Address, Piedmont Tobacco Works, Greensboro, N. C. 6w

HOWARD FOUND GUILTY.

WILL PAY THE DEATH PENALTY

It is Thought His Record as Being the Leader of the Baker-Howard Feud Had Much To Do With His Conviction.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 26.—James B. Howard, who has been on trial for the past ten days, charged with being principal in the assassination of Wm. Goebel, was found guilty to-day, the jury fixing his punishment at death. The fact that the jury had deliberated all of yesterday afternoon without reaching a verdict, led to the belief that it was hopelessly divided and this fact made the verdict a shock to Howard and those who hoped for his ultimate acquittal. Howard did not lose his composure when the verdict calling for the extreme penalty of the law was read in the crowded court room. He glanced at his attorneys, who sat beside him, and smiled and said nothing. After the jury had been discharged Howard was taken back to the jail, and here for the first time he betrayed emotion. He called for a pen and paper and wrote a long letter to his wife, during which tears coursed down his cheeks. He was joined later by his attorneys, who spent a good part of the day in conference with him in regard to the motion for a new trial, which will be filed to-morrow, and other matters in connection with the case.

W. H. Culton, who is under indictment as an accessory to the Goebel murder, and who gave damaging evidence against both Howard and Caleb Powers, was released on bail this afternoon, and his case was continued until the January term. His bond was fixed at $10,000 and his brother-in-law, E. E. Hogg, of Owsley county, and J. F. Halcomb and John Johnson of Jackson county, became his sureties. Howard and his friends are very bitter in their denunciation of witnesses, who, it is charged, were in the conspiracy to murder Goebel, and who have since been manufacturing testimony against others in order to obtain immunity for themselves.

"Jim" Howard, as he is commonly known in the mountains, is a strikingly handsome man, 44 years of age, and would be one of the last to be pointed out by a stranger as the man on trial. He had the record, however, of being the leader of the Howard-White faction in the Baker-Howard feud, in Clay county, in which numerous lives were taken. He had killed George Baker, and was suspected of the assassination of Tom Baker, who was killed after the same fashion as the Goebel murder, and Howard's friends believe that these facts had very much to do with the making of the verdict sentencing him to the gallows.

The trial of Henry E. Youtsey, of Newport, will be called next at Georgetown, next Monday.

DR. ALDERMAN AT HIS NEW POST.

He Arrives in New Orleans to Take Charge of Tulane University.

New Orleans Times-Democrat.]

Dr. Edwin A. Alderman, the president of Tulane University, arrived in the city last night from Chapel Hill, N. C. Dr. Alderman will at once begin to direct the affairs of the university and prepare for the next session, which will open Oct 1.

The presidentship of Tulane University was tendered to Dr. Alderman last March. Dr. Alderman came to the city at once, in order to be fully acquainted with the character of the university. After returning to his home he gave the matter consideration and finally decided to accept the office.

Dr. Alderman was formerly president of the University of North Carolina, at Chapel Hill. He left that place Friday evening, stopping over a day at Atlanta on his way to New Orleans. As soon as he reached the city he repaired to the St. Charles Hotel. He was seen last night by a reporter of The Times-Democrat.

"There is very little to say," said Dr. Alderman. "I am here ready to assume the duties of my new office. I think that present indications promise that the session of 1900-01 will be one of the most successful in the history of the university. I am not in a position to say what innovations will be made during the approaching session, as I am comparatively a stranger, and for a while I will do verp little besides observe."

Dr. Alderman will be domiciled, temporarily at least, at the St. Charles. Having just arrived, his plans are not definite. He is unmarried, and he does not know himself where he will make his home.

The new president of Tulane University is a remarkable man in many respects. He appears to be under forty, and is the youngest man in the United States holding a similar position. His personality is most impressive. To a natural grace and dignity is added the buoyancy of youth. He is very enthusiastic about the affairs of the great university and will begin at once to familiarize himself with the workings of the institution.

Hasn't Suitable Cases for Them.

News and Observer.

Secretary Bruner yesterday received the following communication:

Secretary Mr. T. K. Brimer,

Dear Sir:—I have heard of your museum and I thought I would write you a Bout my self and Sister—we are very mutch a Like. Moste of peopel tells us we are more a like then any two twins they ever saw. nave you any twins in your museum; if you want us to Stay in your museum please let me know and how mutch you will pay a month. We Stand Well can give the best reference. We are large and fine looking. We are plomb. show to the people. Address me. Address me.

MISS——————"

Mr. Bruner says that Mr. Brimer is out of town, and that he will be unable to accept the offer on account of the fact that all the cases suitable for exhibiting such specimens are at Paris with the cabbage exhibit.

Will Mortgage Church For Strikers.

Rev. John C. Konstankievicz, pastor of the Russian Greek church at Shamokin, Pa., and Vicar General of the United States, has sprung a somewhat important and certainly unexpected surprise. He announced that in the event of the strike continuing until suffering and destitution put in an appearance, he and his congregation had arranged to mortgage the whole of their church property valued at over $25,000 and divide the proceeds among the sufferers, and in the event of the strike being continued for a long period the entire congregation will leave the region.

Sores and Ulcers DRAIN THE SYSTEM, ENDANGER LIFE.

That old sore or ulcer, which has been a source of pain, worry and anxiety to you for five or ten years—maybe longer—doesn't heal because you are not using the proper treatment, but are trying to cure it with salves and washes. While these are soothing and relieve pain to some extent, no real, permanent good can come from their use, because the disease is in the blood and far beyond the reach of external applications.



A sore heals promptly when the blood is in good condition, but **never** if it is diseased. The tendency of these old sores and ulcers is to grow worse, spreading and eating deeper into the flesh. They are a constant drain upon the system, gradually but surely ruin the health and sap the very life. A person's capacity for work or pleasure is soon lost in the great desire and search for something to cure.

S. S. S. makes a rapid and permanent cure of old sores and ulcers, and is the only medicine that does, because no other can reach deep-seated blood troubles. Ordinary Sarsaparilla and potash mixtures are too weak and watery to overcome a deadly poison that has taken possession of the blood. Do not waste valuable time experimenting with them.

A Gunshot Wound. "Some years ago I was shot in the left leg, receiving what I considered only a slight wound. It developed into a running sore and gave me a great deal of pain. I was treated by many doctors, and took a number of blood remedies, but none did me any good. I had heard S. S. S. highly recommended and concluded to give it a trial. The result was truly gratifying. S. S. S. seemed to get right at the trouble, and forced the poison out of my blood; soon afterwards the sore healed up and was cured sound and well. I now have perfect use of the leg, which was swollen and very stiff for a long time. J. B. MCBRAYER, Lawrenceburg, Ky."

S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known; is made of roots and herbs of wonderful purifying properties, which no poison can resist. S. S. S. quickly and effectually clears the blood of all morbid, unhealthy humors, and the old, troublesome sore heals. At the same time the general health is invigorated and built up. When a little scratch or hurt fails to heal readily, you may be sure your blood is bad. S. S. S. will soon put it in order and keep it so.

SSS

Our Medical Department is in charge of experienced physicians, who have made blood diseases a life study. If you will write them about your case, they will gladly furnish all information or advice wanted, without any charge whatever. Address SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA

Shipping Sweet Potatoes to Europe.

Wilmington Star.

Mr. D. M. Nesbit, a special representative of the Agricultural Department at Washington, arrived here yesterday to confer with representatives of the East Carolina Truck and Fruit Growers' Association with reference to the shipment of sweet potatoes to foreign countries. It is believed by the Agricultural Department that in view of the fact that sweet potatoes are grown nowhere elese in Europe save a few inferior quality on the Mediteranean coast that the foreign commerce of the United States can be much increased in this particular. The proposition of Mr. Nesbit to the truck growers of this section a famous sweet potato belt—has in it much to interest those with progressive ideas. He has already secured a shipment from the east coast of Virginia, and hopes to secure one from this section.

HIS LIFE WAS SAVED.

Mr J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with typhoid fever that ran into pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise." This marvelous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all throat and lung trouble. Regular size 50c and $1. Trial bottles free at all druggists. Every bottle guaranteed.

Motion for a New Trial for Howard.

Fankfort, Ky., Sept. 27.—A motion for a new trial was made to-day, in the case of James Howard, found guilty yesterday of being a principal in the shooting of Governor Goebel. Argument was postponed until Saturday.

Greater New York has voted to appropriate $6,000,000 for a tunnel under East river to connect the boroughs of Manhattan and Brooklyn.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss
LUCAS COUNTY, }

FRANK J CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co, doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

SEAL. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Allied Forces in China.

The strength of the forces landed by the allied powers at Taku, China, for the campaign against the Boxers, is as follows:

Austria, 494; Germany, 8,178; British, 8,353; Americans, 5,608; French, 6,575; Italian, 2541; Russian, 20,934; Japanese, 15,570. Total, 68,253.

NO RIGHT TO UGLINESS.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good-looking, charming woman of a run down invalid. Only 50c at all druggists.

ALWAYS KEEP ON HAND
Pain-Killer
There is no kind of pain or ache, internal or external, that Pain-Killer will not relieve.
LOOK OUT FOR IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES. THE GENUINE BOTTLE BEARS THE NAME,
PERRY DAVIS & SON.

W. R. SMITH'S COLLEGE, LEXINGTON, KY.,
Is where many young men, after investing from $65 to $90 for tuition, board, etc., have been educated for positions as Bookkeepers, Stenographers, Telegraphers, and now receive from $900 to $1,500 salary per year. Kentucky University Diploma awarded his graduates. His College received Medals at two World's Expositions and refers to thousands of successful graduates. No time at this cheapest and most influential College. New location. Cut this out for reference. Read advertisement. For particulars address only W. R. Smith, Lexington, Ky.

DISTRESSING STOMACH DISEASE.

Permanently cured by the masterly power of "SOUTH AFRICAN NERVINE TONIC." Invalids need suffer no longer, because this great remedy can cure them all. It is a cure for the whole world of stomach weakness and indigestion. The cure begins with the first dose. The relief it brings is marvelous and surprising. It makes no failure; never disappoints. No matter how long you have suffered, your cure is certain under the use of this great health-giving force. Pleasant and always safe. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, Druggist, Raleigh, N. C.

Arrangements have been effected by which 1,000 mile books, the price of which is $25.00 each, issued by the SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY, are honored through to Washington over the Pennsylvania Railroad; from Portsmouth to Baltimore over the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, and between Clinton and Columbia over the Columbia, Newberry & Laurens Railroad. This arrangement incindes the books issued by the Florida Central & Peninsular and Georgia & Alabama Railroads. Aug 30 1m.

LITTLETON FEMALE COLLEGE.

A very prosperous school with modern buildings, splendidly located in a remarkably healthful section in Warren county on S. A. L. Road between Raleigh and Weldon N. C.

Panacea water kept in building at all times for free use of inmates.

Fifteen officers and teachers. Terms very low. For catalogue address Rev. J. M. RHODES, A. M., PRESIDENT.
Littleton, N. C.

THE UNIVERSITY of NORTH CAROLINA

THE HEAD OF THE STATE'S EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM

Three academic courses leading to degrees.

Professional courses in Law, Medicine and Pharmacy.

Summer School for Teachers.

Tuition $60 { Scholarships and Loans to needy. Free Tuition to candidates for Ministry, Minister's Sons and Teachers.

512 students besides 161 in Summer school. 38 teachers in the faculty. For catalogues and information address

F. P. VENABLE, President,
Chapel Hill, N. C.

The State Normal and Industrial College.

OF NORTH CAROLINA

Offers to young women thorough literary, classical, scientific and industrial education and special pedagogical training. Annual expenses $92 to $132; for non-residents, $152. Faculty of 30 members. Has matriculated about 2,000 students, representing every county in the State except one. Practice and Observation School of about 250 pupils. To secure board in dormitories, all free tuition application should be made before August 1.

Correspondence invited from those desiring competent trained teachers. For catalogue and other information address until August 15th

PROF. J. Y. JOYNER,
Dean of College
CHAS. D. McIVER, President

HO FOR THE STATE FAIR!!

Will be the Grandest in the History of the State Agricultural Society.

OVER $6,000 CASH PREMIUMS.

Raleigh, October 22--27.

For Premium List or any information concerning the Fair write to JOS. E. POGUE, Raleigh, N. C.

HICKS' CAPUDINE Headache Cure . .

LEAVES NO BAD EFFECT WHATEVER
15, 25 and 50c. at Druggists

Anticephalalgine

The Original HEADACHE and NEURALGIA CURE
SAFEST - AND - BEST
25 and 50 cents a bottle
For Sale by all Druggists.

Raleigh Marble Works

COOPER BROS.,
—PROPRIETORS—
RALEIGH, N. C.



SHIPMENTS MADE TO ANY PART OF THE STATE AT SAME PRICE AS AT SHOP.
Write for Catalogue.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

The Standard Railway of The South.
The Direct Line to all points
Texas - California - Florida - Cuba and Porto Rico.

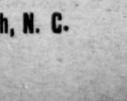
Strictly FIRST CLASS Equipment on all through and local trains; Pullman Palace Sleeping cars on all night trains. Fast and safe schedules.

Travel by the Southern and you are assured a safe, comfortable and expeditious journey.

Apply to ticket agents for time tables, rates and general information, or address

(No trouble to answer questions)

Frank S. Gannon, 3rd Vice President and General Manager; J. M. Culp, traffic manager; W A Turk, G P A, Washington, D C
R L VERNON, T P A, Charlotte, N C
THAD C STURGIS, C T A, Raleigh, N C



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents Dandruff and hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

Public School Books!

The Public Schools are now opening over the State, and will need supplies. These school books and supplies can be had at a discount to teachers and dealers from

ALFRED WILLIAMS & CO.,
RALEIGH, N. C.

Dobbin & Ferrall,

At Tucker's Store.

WE ARE OFFERING

RICH AUTUMN DRESS FABRICS

GATHERED from the GREAT MARKETS of the OLD and the NEW WORLD, and comprising the VERY LATEST and CHOICEST STYLES in BROADCLOTH, VENETIANS, TAILOR SUITINGS, NOVELTY ZIBELINES, FRENCH KNOTTED and STITCHED MATERIAL, SMOOTH and LONG-HAIRED FABRICS, &C.

MATERIAL for SEPARATE WAISTS, such as VELVETS, CORDUROYS, DOTTED and SATIN STRIPED FLANNELS and a variety of SOFT MATERIALS for BLOUSES.

Our Stocks this season embrace Goods of a class never before shown in this City, and are offered at common sense prices.

The pleasure is ours to show you.

DOBBIN & FERRALL.

Do You Suffer From Catarrh?

Then Use Simpson's Catarrh Cream.
INSTANT RELIEF.
CURES MOST OBSTINATE CASES.
Price 25 Cents. Address WILLIAM SIMPSON, Raleigh, N. C.

THE YARBOROUGH HOUSE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Is headquarters for Everybody.
Rates $2.00 and $2.50 per day.
Elegant Rooms With Baths,
50 CENTS PER DAY EXRA.
L. T. BROWN, Manager.
FREE COACH AT ALL TRAINS.

CARROLLTON HOTEL,

RALEIGH, N C

(o)—(o)—(o)—(o)—(o)—(o)

Under New Management. Has been Thoroughly Renovated.

Rates : $2 : to : $2.50 : Per : Day.

M. S. JAMES, Proprietor. M. S. GREGORY, Manager

Fifty Thousand Copies

Of TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC will be issued for the Year 1901.

—o—

To advertise is simply to make known, who you are, where you are, and what you have to sell. How to do this effectually, and at the smallest possible cost is the problem for you to solve. The failure to obtain desired results from advertising is due to the way some people do it, and they invariably say "It does not pay." The judicious way is to use a medium that has reputation, circulation and permanency. Turner's N. C. Almanac has been the State Standard for 64 years, and has an annual circulation of 50,000 copies, and remains a standing advertisement for a year. Advertising rates upon application.

ENNIS PUBLISHING CO., RALEIGH, N. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } S. S.
CITY OF RALEIGH, WAKE COUNTY. }

N. B. Broughton makes oath that he is of the firm of Edwards & Broughton, Printers and Binders, doing business in the city of Raleigh and that the said firm have made a contract with the ENNIS PUBLISHING Company to print 50,000 copies of Turner's N. C. Almanac for the year 1900.

N. B. BROUGHTON.

SEAL. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this the 27th day of August, A. D. 1900. W. M. RUSS, Clerk Superior Court, by VITRUVIUS ROYSTER, Deputy Clerk.

PEACE INSTITUTE AND CONSERVATORY, RALEIGH, N. C.
A thorough school of high-grade for girls. In Pine belt of North Carolina so famous for health.
Judge Gray of Culpeper, Va., says: "The best female school of which I have any knowledge." Catalogue free. Jas. Dinwiddie, A. M., Prin. Alfred C. Goodwin, Director.

THE CAUCASIAN.

Raleigh, N. C., October 4, 1900.

Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh, N. C. as second-class mail matter.

Chauncy Davis was hanged for arson at Tarboro last Friday.

The Annual Convention of the Daughters of the Confederacy will be held in Raleigh on Oct. 9th.

Four men, three negroes and one white man, were brought to the penitentiary Tuesday from Pitt county.

Another negro broke out with the small pox, was sent to the Pest House here Tuesday. He was from Petersburg also.

The Carrollton Hotel will opene again Oct. 10.h, under new management. See their ad in another column of this issue.

Mr. J. P. Sossamon, Chairman, has issued a call to the Middle-of-the-Road Populists to meet in Raleigh October 11th to nominate the Electors for that party.

Archie Kinsauls was hanged in Clinton last Friday for the murder of John Herring. The murder was committed at Beamans X Roads, in Sampson county, in 1898.

We call your attention to the new advertisement of Messrs. Dobbin & Ferrall in this issue. They always have a nice line of goods in stock, and you would do well to call on them when in the city.

We have an anonymous communication signed "A Voter," which we will be pleased to publish if the writer will make known his identity. We do not wish to publish the name, but we must know the author before a communication is published.

A negro broke out and suffering with smallpox came in Sunday night from Petersburg, Va., and was at once sent out to the pest house. He went direct from the train to the City Physician McGee, who had him taken to the pest house at once. The negro gave his name as Robert Green, and said there was much smallpox in Petersburg.—News and Observer.

On Wednesday of last week representatives of all the Democratic Clubs in the State met in Raleigh—did I say all, well, a part of them. There were only forty present at the afternoon session, including the orators of the day, newspaper reporters and a little boy in the back of the hall. At the night session the crowd was small. Mr. Beck with, the last speaker, did not seem to have magnetism enough about him to hold his audience as there was not over one hundred people in the hall when he stopped speaking.

THE CARROLLTON HOTEL

To Open Again Under New Management.

The Carrollton Hotel will open again to the travelling public Oct. 10th, under new management. The building has been thoroughly renovated from top to bottom. Mrs. M. S. James is the new proprietor, and Mr. M. S. Gregory manager. Mr. Gregory has had considerable experience in the hotel business, and we are sure he will make the Carrollton one of the best hotels in the State.

North Carolina Car Burned in Ohio.

KINGSTON, Ohio. Oct. 1.—The private car of the North Carolina Exposition Company, belonging to that State, burned to the ground this morning. William Bason, the manager and assistant were awakened by a dog and barely escaped with their lives. The car contained exhibits of the mineral and agricultural resources of North Carolina. Loss $18,000.

This Man Surely Carried His Democracy Into the Next World With Him.

Washington Post.

"Political feeling is so strong in North Carolina that a murderer made two ineffectual attempts at suicide, so eager was his desire to escape the humiliation of being hanged by a Populist sheriff. This man surely carried his Democracy into the next world with him."

Wouldn't North Carolina have been better off if he had taken it all with him?

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder Disease relieved in six hours by "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDEY CURE." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, druggist, Raleigh, N. C.

Sept. 19-1y.

A Democratic Paper's Opinion.

Henderson Gold Leaf.

Mr. Pou may have known his own mind and meant what he said when he withdrew from the Congressional contest, but it seems there were some who didn't believe him. Had he stayed in the race when he was in or kept out when he got out the friends of other candidates would have thought better of him.

Mr. Cosmo Monkhouse, the English art-writer, is undoubtedly the greatest living authority with regard to the work of George Frederick Watts. Mr. Monkhouse contributes an article on Mr. Watt's personal life and character to the October Magazine Number of The Outlook. It is illustrated by fine reproductions of Watts' portrait of himself and of half a dozen of his most famous pictures. ($3 a year. The Outlook Company, New York.)

The Chatham Manufacturing Company, of Elkin, gave $100 worth of blankets and the people of Elkin $35 in cash to the Galveston sufferers.

Good resolutions are like pet bears—few people keep them.

STATE FAIR OCT. 22-27.

WILL BE A GRAND DISPLAY OF FARM PRODUCTS FROM ALL OVER THE STATE.

The Midway Will be a Great Feature This Year.

The State Fair this year offers the following special and attractive premiums to our farmers.

OPEN TO ALL.

For the largest and best display of agricultural products, garden vegetables, fruits and home industries: First prize, $60.00; and one years' subscription to the Progressive Farmer given by the publishers; second premium $40.00.

(Open only to those who have not used more than two horses on their farm for the year 1900.) In the largest and best display of agricultural products, i. e. as above, from a two horse farm, where exhibitor resides permanently upon his farm, first premium $20.00, second premium, $10.00.

Open only to those who have not used more than one horse on their farm for the year 1900. In the best display of agricultural prodvcts, i. e. as above, from a one-horse farm, where exhibitor resides permanently upon his farm. First premium $20.00, second premium $10.00.

In the best display of farm products, dairy, smokehouse, household, garden and trucking industries from a trucking farm $25.00.

The same for the varied products of a mountain farm, $25.00.

Articles entered for the foregoing cannot compete for individual premiums. All exhibits must be grown or produced by persons competing or under his immediate direction.

NOTES ON THE FAIR.

The Fair opens Monday, 22nd. Do not forget the date. There will be the best races ever known in the State, and for the largest purses. A shooting contest by Raleigh Gun Club on Wednesday for Gold Medal—a grand Tournament on Thursday and Friday by Clubs throughout the country in Clay Pigeon shooting. On Friday the great game of Football between the A. & M. College, of Virginia and North Carolina, Blacksburg and Raleigh.

Friday is Educational Day. Great revelation to the people of the State of the work going on in their schools and colleges. Institutions for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind, and Orphan Asylum—at Morganton, Raleigh and Oxford.

On the Midway will be found something of everything—Merry-Go-Round, Razzle Dazzle, Compound Bicycle Go-Round, Tom Thumb Railroad, Falls of Niagara, Swiss Bell Ringers, "Street Tempest," Educated Horse, the trained All gators, Snake Shows, Wild Man, Snake Eater, and every variety of entertaining, interesting and instructive exhibits.

The Horseless Carriage will be exhibited on the track by the Mobile Company of America, which will attract the attention of thousands. Send for Premium List. Look out for low rates on Railroads every day from Friday, 19th to Monday, 29th, inclusive.

Monroe a Health Resort for Man and Beast.

Morning Post.

The thriving and enterprising town of Monroe, in Union county, rejoices in the possession of an artesian well, the waters of which are marvelous in their beneficial effects upon both man and beast. A prominent judge cannot get on without it, a mule of the vicinity will not drink any other, while we have no doubt the "children cry for it." The two following items, taken from our esteemed contemporary, the Monroe Enquirer, tell the story:

"Judge Shaw, who has been suffering with gastritis, says that he was benefitted more by the Monroe artesian water than by any other water he has found. Water is being shipped from here to Dallas this week for Judge Shaw's use while holding court in that town."

"A gentleman living several miles from Monroe has been coming to town every day for some time. A neighbor asked him yesterday why he went to town so often. The man replied: "My mule had indigestion terribly bad. I was in Monroe two days week before last, and that artesian water helped this Balaam's stomach so much that he will no drink any other water. I am simply taking my mule to water."

We can only venture to inquire, Does that "Balaam" do drinking for his mule?

A Remarkable Case.

New York Dispatch.]

The case of Miss Anna Morgan, of No. 655 Quincy street, Brooklyn, is one that is to be discussed in medical publications. Miss Morgan, who is 50 years of age, had a stroke of paralysis last March, for which she was treated in a hospital. As she improved physically her mind in inverse ratio became clouded and she became seized with weird religious mania.

She was sent to a Manhattan neurologist, who, suspecting a disturbance of the spinal chord, made an examination and discovered a dislocation of the atlas—that section of the vertebrae immediately supporting the skull. It was twisted and moved to the right on its bed of cartilage. This had caused obstruction of the circulation and a disturbance of the nervous system, which accentuated the patient's special mental weakness, producing religious mania. He reduced the dislocation without difficulty. The patient's mind became instantly clear.

The Greensboro Record says that Judge Boyd has adopted a new plan for drawing Federal Court Jurors. He has caused to be appointed two men in each county in the district, of different political faith, who select a certain number of names to be sent to the commissioners and placed in a box. A small boy then draws them from a hat and the duty of the commissioners is only to certify to those names.

The last few numbers of the Cosmopolitan Magazine have contained some very amusing cartoons illustrating "Hiprah Hunt's journey through the Inferno.

WANTED.—Two reliable Traveling Salesmen in each State; permanent position; salary and expenses; experience not absolutely essential. Address, Piedmont Tobacco Works, Greensboro, N. C. 6w

HOWARD FOUND GUILTY.

WILL PAY THE DEATH PENALTY

It is Thought His Record as Being the Leader of the Baker-Howard Feud Had Much To Do With His Conviction.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 26.—James B. Howard, who has been on trial for the past ten days, charged with being principal in the assassination of Wm. Goebel, was found guilty to-day, the jury fixing his punishment at death. The fact that the jury had deliberated all of yesterday afternoon without reaching a verdict, led to the belief that it was hopelessly divided and this fact made the verdict a shock to Howard and those who hoped for his ultimate acquittal. Howard did not lose his composure when the verdict calling for the extreme penalty of the law was read in the crowded court room. He glanced at his attorneys, who sat beside him, and smiled and said nothing. After the jury had been discharged Howard was taken back to the jail, and here for the first time he betrayed emotion. He called for a pen and paper and wrote a long letter to his wife, during which tears coursed down his cheeks. He was joined later by his attorneys, who spent a good part of the day in conference with him in regard to the motion for a new trial, which will be filed to-morrow, and other matters in connection with the case.

W. H. Culton, who is under indictment as an accessory to the Goebel murder, and who gave damaging evidence against both Howard and Caleb Powers, was released on bail this afternoon, and his case was continued until the January term. His bond was fixed at $10,000 and his brother-in-law, E. E. Hogg, of Owsley county, and J. F. Halcomb and John Johnson of Jackson county, became his sureties. Howard and his friends are very bitter in their denunciation of witnesses, who, it is charged, were in the conspiracy to murder Goebel, and who have since been manufacturing testimony against others in order to obtain immunity for themselves.

"Jim" Howard, as he is commonly known in the mountains, is a strikingly handsome man, 44 years of age, and would be one of the last to be pointed out by a stranger as the man on trial. He had the record, however, of being the leader of the Howard-White faction in the Baker-Howard feud, in Clay county, in which numerous lives were taken. He had killed George Baker, and was suspected of the assassination of Tom Baker, who was killed after the same fashion as the Goebel murder, and Howard's friends believe that these facts had very much to do with the making of the verdict sentencing him to the gallows.

The trial of Henry E. Youtsey, of Newport, will be called next at Georgetown, next Monday.

DR. ALDERMAN AT HIS NEW POST.

He Arrives in New Orleans to Take Charge of Tulane University.

New Orleans Times-Democrat.]

Dr. Edwin A. Alderman, the president of Tulane University, arrived in the city last night from Chapel Hill, N. C. Dr. Alderman will at once begin to direct the affairs of the university and prepare for the next session, which will open Oct. 1.

The presidentship of Tulane University was tendered to Dr. Alderman last March. Dr. Alderman came to the city at once, in order to be fully acquainted with the character of the university. After returning to his home he gave the matter consideration and finally decided to accept the office.

Dr. Alderman was formerly president of the University of North Carolina, at Chapel Hill. He left that place Friday evening, stopping over a day at Atlanta on his way to New Orleans. As soon as he reached the city he repaired to the St. Charles Hotel. He was seen last night by a reporter of The Times-Democrat.

"There is very little to say," said Dr. Alderman. "I am here ready to assume the duties of my new office. I think that present indications promise that the session of 1900-01 will be one of the most successful in the history of the university. I am not in a position to say what innovations will be made during the approaching session, as I am comparatively a stranger, and for a while I will do verp little besides observe."

Dr. Alderman will be domiciled, temporarily at least, at the St. Charles. Having just arrived, his plans are not definite. He is unmarried, and he does not know himself where he will make his home.

The new president of Tulane University is a remarkable man in many respects. He appears to be under forty, and is the youngest man in the United States holding a similar position. His personality is most impressive. To a natural grace and dignity is added the buoyancy of youth. He is very enthusiastic about the affairs of the great university and will begin at once to familiarize himself with the workings of the institution.

Hasn't Suitable Cases for Them.

News and Observer.

Secretary Bruner yesterday received the following communication:

Secretary Mr. T. K. Brimer,

Dear Sir:—I have heard of your museum and I thought I would write you a Bout my self and Sister—we are very mutch a Like. Moste of peopel tells us we are more a like then any two twins they ever saw. nave you any twins in your museum; if you want us to Stay in your museum please let me know and how mutch you will pay a month. We Stand Well can give the best reference. We are large and fine looking. We are plomb. show to the people. Address me. Address me.

MISS ——————"

Mr. Bruner says that Mr. Brimer is out of town, and that he will be unable to accept the offer on account of the fact that all the cases suitable for exhibiting such specimens are at Paris with the cabbage exhibit.

Will Mortgage Church For Strikers.

Rev. John C. Konstankievicz, pastor of the Russian Greek church at Shamokin, Pa., and Vicar General of the United States, has sprung a somewhat important and certainly unexpected surprise. He announced that in the event of the strike continuing until suffering and destitution put in an appearance, he and his congregation had arranged to mortgage the whole of their church property valued at over $25,000 and divide the proceeds among the sufferers, and in the event of the strike being continued for a long period the entire congregation will leave the region.

Sores and Ulcers

DRAIN THE SYSTEM, ENDANGER LIFE.

That old sore or ulcer, which has been a source of pain, worry and anxiety to you for five or ten years—maybe longer—doesn't heal because you are not using the proper treatment, but are trying to cure it with salves and washes. While these are soothing and relieve pain to some extent, no real, permanent good can come from their use, because the disease is in the blood and far beyond the reach of external applications.



A sore heals promptly when the blood is in good condition, but **never** if it is diseased. The tendency of these old sores and ulcers is to grow worse, spreading and eating deeper into the flesh. They are a constant drain upon the system, gradually but surely ruin the health and sap the very life. A person's capacity for work or pleasure is soon lost in the great desire and search for something to cure.

S. S. S. makes a rapid and permanent cure of old sores and ulcers, and is the only medicine that does, because no other can reach deep-seated blood troubles. Ordinary Sarsaparilla and potash mixtures are too weak and watery to overcome a deadly poison that has taken possession of the blood. Do not waste valuable time experimenting with them.

A Gunshot Wound. "Some years ago I was shot in the left leg, receiving what I considered only a slight wound. It developed into a running sore and gave me a great deal of pain. I was treated by many doctors, and took a number of blood remedies, but none did me any good. I had heard S. S. S. highly recommended and concluded to give it a trial. The result was truly gratifying. S. S. S. seemed to get right at the trouble, and forced the poison out of my blood; soon afterwards the sore healed up and was cured sound and well. I now have perfect use of the leg, which was swollen and very stiff for a long time. J. M. MCBRAYER, Lawrenceburg, Ky."

S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known; is made of roots and herbs of wonderful purifying properties, which no poison can resist. S. S. S. quickly and effectually clears the blood of all morbid, unhealthy humors, and the old, troublesome sore heals. At the same time the general health is invigorated and built up. When a little scratch or hurt fails to heal readily, you may be sure your blood is bad. S. S. S. will soon put it in order and keep it so.

SSS

Our Medical Department is in charge of experienced physicians, who have made blood diseases a life study. If you will write them about your case, they will gladly furnish all information or advice wanted, without any charge whatever. Address SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA

Shipping Sweet Potatoes to Europe.

Wilmington Star.

Mr. D. M. Nesbit, a special representative of the Agricultural Department at Washington, arrived here yesterday to confer with representatives of the East Carolina Truck and Fruit Growers' Association with reference to the shipment of sweet potatoes to foreign countries. It is believed by the Agricultural Department that in view of the fact that sweet potatoes are grown nowhere elese in Europe save a few inferior quality on the Mediteranean coast that the foreign commerce of the United States can be much increased in this particular. The proposition of Mr. Nesbit to the truck growers of this section a famous sweet potato belt—has in it much to interest those with progressive ideas. He has already secured a shipment from the east coast of Virginia, and hopes to secure one from this section.

HIS LIFE WAS SAVED.

Mr J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with typhoid fever that ran into pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise." This marvelous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all throat and lung trouble. Regular size 50c and $1. Trial bottles free at all druggists. Every bottle guaranteed.

Motion for a New Trial for Howard.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 27.—A motion for a new trial was made to-day, in the case of James Howard, found guilty yesterday of being a principal in the shooting of Governor Goebel. Argument was postponed until Saturday.

Greater New York has voted to appropriate $6,000,000 for a tunnel under East river to connect the boroughs of Manhattan and Brooklyn.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss
LUCAS COUNTY, }

FRANK J CHEENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHEENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHEENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

SEAL. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Allied Forces in China.

The strength of the forces landed by the allied powers at Taku, China, for the campaign against the Boxers, is as follows:

Austria, 494; Germany, 8,178; British, 8,353; Americans, 5,608; French, 6,575; Italian, 2,541; Russian, 20,934; Japanese, 15,570. Total, 68,253.

NO RIGHT TO UGLINESS.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good-looking, charming woman of a run down invalid. Only 50c at all druggists.

ALWAYS KEEP ON HAND

Pain-Killer

There is no kind of pain or ache, internal or external, that Pain-Killer will not relieve.

LOOK OUT FOR IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES. THE GENUINE BOTTLERS THE NAME,

PERRY DAVIS & SON.

W. R. SMITH'S COLLEGE, LEXINGTON, KY.,

Is where many young men, after investing from $65 to $90 for tuition, board, etc., have been educated for positions as Bookkeepers, Stenographers, Telegraphers, and now receive from $900 to $1,500 salary per year. Kentucky University Diploma awarded his graduates. His College received Medals at two World's Expositions and refers to thousands of successful graduates. Not the cheapest but most influential College. Send for catalogue. Cut this out for reference. Read advertisement. For particulars address only W. R. Smith, Lexington, Ky.

DISTRESSING STOMACH DISEASE.

Permanently cured by the masterly power of "SOUTH AFRICAN NERVINE TONIC." Invalids need suffer no longer, because this great remedy can cure them all. It is a cure for the whole world of stomach weakness and indigestion. The cure begins with the first dose. The relief it brings is marvelous and surprising. It makes no failure; never disappoints. No matter how long you have suffered, your cure is certain under the use of this great health-giving force. Pleasant and always safe. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, Druggist, Raleigh, N. C.

Arrangements have been effected by which 1,000 mile books, the price of which is $25.00 each, issued by the SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY, are honored through to Washington over the Pennsylvania Railroad; from Portsmouth to Baltimore over the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, and between Clinton and Columbia over the Columbia, Newberry & Laurens Railroad. This arrangement includes the books issued by the Florida Central & Peninsular and Georgia & Alabama Railroads. Aug 30 1m.

LITTLETON FEMALE COLLEGE.

A very prosperous school with modern buildings, splendidly located in a remarkably healthful section in Warren county on S. A. L. Road between Raleigh and Weldon N. C.

Panacea water kept in building at all times for free use of inmates.

Fifteen officers and teachers. Terms very low. For catalogue address Rev. J. M. RHODES, A. M., PRESIDENT.

Littleton, N. C.

THE UNIVERSITY of NORTH CAROLINA

THE HEAD OF THE STATE'S EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM.

Three academic courses leading to degrees.

Professional courses in Law, Medicine and Pharmacy.

Summer School for Teachers.

Tuition $60 { Scholarships and Loans to needy. Free Tuition to candidates for Ministry, Minister's Sons and Teachers.

512 students besides 161 in Summer school. 38 teachers in the faculty. For catalogues and information address

F. P. VENABLE, President, Chapel Hill, N. C.

The State Normal and Industrial College.

OF NORTH CAROLINA

Offers to young women thorough literary, classical, scientific and industrial education and special pedagogical training. Annual expenses $92 to $132; for non-residents, $152. Faculty of 30 members. Has matriculated about 2,000 students, representing every county in the State except one. Practice and Observation School of about 250 pupils. To secure board in dormitories, all free tuition application should be made before August 1.

Correspondence invited from those desiring competent trained teachers. For catalogue and other information address until August 15th

PROF. J. Y. JOYNER, Dean of College

CHAS. D. McIVER, President.

HICKS' CAPUDINE Headache Cure . .

LEAVES NO BAD EFFECT WHATEVER

15, 25 and 50c. at Druggists

Anticephalalgine

The Original HEADACHE and NEURALGIA CURE

SAFEST — AND — BEST

25 and 50 cents a bottle

For Sale by all Druggists.

Raleigh Marble Works

COOPER BROS., —PROPRIETORS—

RALEIGH, N. C.



SHIPMENTS MADE TO ANY PART OF THE STATE AT SAME PRICE AS AT SHOP.

Write for Catalogue.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

The Standard Railway of The South.

The Direct Line to all points

Texas - California, Florida - Cuba and Porto Rico.

Strictly FIRST CLASS Equipment on all through and local trains; Pullman Palace Sleeping cars on all night trains. Fast and safe schedules.

Travel by the Southern and you are assured a safe, comfortable and expeditious journey.

Apply to ticket agents for time tables, rates and general information, or address

(No trouble to answer questions)

Frank S. Gannon, 3rd Vice President and General Manager; J. M. Culp, traffic manager; W A Turk, G P A, Washington, D C

R L VERNON, T P A, Charlotte, N C

THAD C STURGIS, C T A, Raleigh, N C



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents Dandruff and hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

HO FOR THE STATE FAIR!!

Will be the Grandest in the History of the State Agricultural Society.

OVER $6,000 CASH PREMIUMS.

Raleigh, October 22--27.

For Premium List or any information concerning the Fair write to JOS. E. POGUE, Raleigh, N. C.

Public School Books!

The Public Schools are now opening over the State, and will need supplies. These school books and supplies can be had at a discount to teachers and dealers from

ALFRED WILLIAMS & CO.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Dobbin & Ferrall,

At Tucker's Store.

WE ARE OFFERING

RICH AUTUMN DRESS FABRICS

GATHERED from the GREAT MARKETS of the OLD and the NEW WORLD, and comprising the VERY LATEST and CHOICEST STYLES in BROADCLOTH, VENETIANS, TAILOR SUITINGS, NOVELTY ZIBELINES, FRENCH KNOTTED and STITCHED MATERIAL, SMOOTH and LONG-HAIRED FABRICS, &C.

MATERIAL for SEPARATE WAISTS, such as VELVETS, CORDUROYS, DOTTED and SATIN STRIPED FLANNELS and a variety of SOFT MATERIALS for BLOUSES.

Our Stocks this season embrace Goods of a class never before shown in this City, and are offered at common sense prices.

The pleasure is ours to show you.

DOBBIN & FERRALL.

Do You Suffer From Catarrh?

Then Use Simpson's Catarrh Cream.

INSTANT RELIEF.

CURES MOST OBSTINATE CASES.

Price 25 Cents. Address WILLIAM SIMPSON, Raleigh, N. C.

THE YARBOROUGH HOUSE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Is headquarters for Everybody.

Rates $2.00 and $2.50 per day.

Elegant Rooms With Baths,

50 CENTS PER DAY EXRA.

L. T. BROWN, Manager.

FREE COACH AT ALL TRAINS.

CARROLLTON HOTEL,

RALEIGH, N. C.

(o)—(o)—(o)—(o)—(o)—(o)

Under New Management. Has been Thoroughly Renovated.

Rates : $2 : to : $2.50 : Per : Day.

M. S. JAMES, Proprietor. M. S. GREGORY, Manager

Fifty Thousand Copies

Of TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC will be issued for the Year 1901.

To advertise is simply to make known, who you are, where you are, and what you have to sell. How to do this effectually, and at the smallest possible cost is the problem for you to solve. The failure to obtain desired results from advertising is due to the way some people do it, and they invariably say "It does not pay." The judicious way is to use a medium that has reputation, circulation and permanency. Turner's N. C. Almanac has been the State Standard for 64 years, and has an annual circulation of 50,000 copies, and remains a standing advertisement for a year. Advertising rates upon application.

ENNIS PUBLISHING CO., RALEIGH, N. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } S. S.:
CITY OF RALEIGH, WAKE COUNTY. }

N. B. Broughton makes oath that he is of the firm of Edwards & Broughton, Printers and Binders, doing business in the city of Raleigh, and that the said firm have made a contract with the ENNIS PUBLISHING Company to print 50,000 copies of Turner's N. C. Almanac for the year 1900.

N. B. BROUGHTON.

SEAL. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this the 27th day of August, A. D. 1900. W. M. RUSS, Clerk Superior Court, by VITRUVIUS ROYSTER, Deputy Clerk.

PEACE INSTITUTE AND CONSERVATORY, RALEIGH, N. C.

A thorough school of high-grade for girls. In Pine belt North Carolina so famous for health.

Judge Gray of Culpeper, Va., says: "I be best female school of which I have any knowledge." Catalogue free. Jas. Dinwiddie, A. M., Pris. Alfred C. Goodwin, Director.

NEWS ITEMS.

Clipped and Condensed From Exchanges for Busy People.

The Weldon fair will be held this year from October the 30 h to Nov. 24.

If some wives would exchange their vanity for prudence there would be fewer divorces granted.

The October Cosmopolitan contains an interesting article, "The Russian Army in Peace and War."

There were 400,842 immigrants, mostly from Southern Europe, landed at the port of New York during the year ending June 30, 1900.

Estimates place the shortage of this year's hay crop in the United States at 7,000,000 bales, which will probably increase the price of hay.

General John M. Palmer, ex-Senator from Illinois, and Gold Dem crat candidate for President four years ago, died at his home in Springfield, Ills., last week.

Edwardsville, Ill., Sept. 26 h.—Lightning struck a kiln at the Glen Carbon brick yards near here today, demolishing the kiln and burying five men under tons of brick.

President Steyn, of the Orange Free Republic, and M. Remtz, a prominent South African leader, will remain with the fighting burghers, and it is estimated that a force of Boers, aggregating from 7,000 to 12,000, is planning to harass the British lines of communication.

We notice that the Weldon paper states that Populists and Republicans will be admitted to their Fair without requesting them to prove their age, whether they are a tenant, their occupation or whether their fathers voted prior to 1868.

THE FATE OF THE CONFEDERATE SEAL.

It was First Defaced and Then Sunk in the Savannah River.

"The result of the last Confederate council of war held at Abbeville, South Carolina, in May, 1865, was soon known all over Abbeville, and the Generals and the Secretary of War were kept busy for hours signing honorable discharges for the tired soldiers, who immediately applied for them," writes Mrs. Thaddeus Horton, in the October Ladies' Home Journal. "During the evening Mr. Benjamin asked for a hatchet, and with it he defaced the Confederate seal. About twelve o'clock the same night the Confederate party continued their retreat in the direction of Washington, Georgia, and while crossing the Savannah River in the darkness some one suggested that the seal be thrown overboard. This idea was at once approved, and when the boat reached mid-stream it was dropped with a splash into the sandy river bed of that beautiful Southern watercourse, where to this day, its mission all fulfilled, it serenely rests."

ROOSEVELT ON LIBERTY.

Refers to Conduct of Roughs Toward Him—Free Political Discussion the Paramount Issue.

Referring to the recent attempt of hired toughs, at Victor and other places in Colorado, to assault him and prevent him from speaking, Governor Roosevelt says:

"There has been some talk as to what the paramount issue is in this campaign Now, I will tell you, and I have made up my mind within the last forty-eight hours, what the paramount issue is. The paramount issue is to keep the orderly liberty that has made us what we are. The paramount issue is to keep our national self-respect by each individual keeping his own self-respect and respecting our fellows; keeping the right of free speech, keeping the right of political discussion, so that we may be able to settle our political differences satisfactorily and fairly after a full hearing given to any one, whatever his views may be, if he expresses them decently and in proper language."

Tillman's Love For the Negro.

Senator Ben Tillman, who has done as much as any other man to trample under foot and destroy the 14th amendment to the Federal Constitution, and disfranchise the negro and poor white men of the South, is just now very solicitous over the fate of the political rights of his dear colored brother. A special to the Philadelphia Times says:

"The mutilation of the constitution by the repeal of the fourteenth amendment is the unavowed but none the less the absolute aim of the Republican party,' was the charge voiced by Senator Benjamin Tillman, of South Carolina, today. He was in the city on his way to keep a speaking date at Kendallville, Ind.

"Their purpose," he continued, "is to disenfranchise the negro. That will reduce the electoral vote in the South, and then they hope to throw the Democratic party into a minority for an indefinite period. Their plans on this head are generally understood and admitted in Washington. Never a word is heard there, from McKinley down to the least of the department clerks, in defense of the colored man. The Republican party is the greatest foe the Afro-American has to face, and he is coming to realize it."

Kisses vs. Ice Cream.

A New Haven man who was jilted presented his ex-sweetheart with an itemized bill for $316 for presents, ice-cream and sundries which he had been presenting her for three years. She reciprocated by presenting him an offset bill for kisses at a dollar apiece and brought him in debt several hundred dollars, enough to break him.

The president of the Commercial Cable Company, which controls the Postal Telegraph company, denies that they have formed a trust with the Western Union Telegraph Company and the American Telegraph and Telephone Company, as was stated a few days ago.

The striking miners of the Coal Creek Coal Company, near Knoxville, Tenn., have returned to work. The wage scale demanded by the miners was granted.

Fish are said to be plentiful just now in the waters on the North Carolina coast. Off Morehead 30,000 pounds of mullets were caught.

The Saving of Money

by the use of Royal Baking Powder is considerable. Royal is economical, because it possesses more leavening power and goes further.

Royal saves also because it always makes fine, light, sweet food; never wastes good flour; butter and eggs.

More important still is the saving in health. Royal Baking Powder adds anti-dyspeptic qualities to the food.

There is no baking powder so economical in practical use, no matter how little others may cost, as the Royal

Imitation baking powders almost invariably contain alum. Alum makes the food unwholesome.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

SHELLING THE WOODS.

Sam Jones and Some of His Sayings at Toccoa, Ga.

Sam Jones is shelling the woods at Toccoa, Ga.

We cull a few paragraphs of his talks as printed in the Atlanta Journal:

"I want you to come to preaching before you get full of beaf and the devil.

Don't lie about it, you old hog you. I wish folks were as decent as hogs.

Wish all mean, fool, whiskey selling, moonshine scoundrels would go off to the creek and drown themselves.

The Presbyterians are good folks and I love them. They just need more religion and will go to hell if they don't get it.

I like Baptists. I got my wife out of one of their ponds, but think they are the last folks to brag, for they don't know where they started. Some of them have got religion, but most of them haven't.

When I hear some preachers preach I go home feeling like a baby had slobbered in my ear.

You mountain sprouts are as good as Toccoa. They are just mean and you are a combination of ignorance and meanness. I'm going to shoot in the hole where you are at. Liquor and religion won't stay in the same carcass. You drink liquor and call yourself a Christian, you dirty old hound.

Nobody but dirty, lousy devils go into a saloon.

If you boys drink liquor and have the right daddy he will take you out and fix you so you will have to stand up to eat your meals for six months. Some of you left your bottle in your buggies and brought your pistols in church with you to defend your character. Why youv'e got no character, and what do think of that bud? * * Some one ought to break a jig over your head and make you hit the ground running a mile a minute. You could butt with a billy goat and send the goat home with a headache.

The Little Woman.

Philadelphia Times.

The tall girl may be far more imposing in appearance, and she may, by her stately dignity, win universal admiration at great social functions, but her short sister generally entirely eclipses her in the matter of power over the other sex, remarked a man yesterday.

"A Queen of Hearts"—men's hearts—is almost always little in stature. Men call her "a dear little girl," and feel at ease with her at once, whereas with a "daughter of the gods, divinely tall," they have often a sense of their own lack of inches, and a feeling that she looks down upon them, maybe, in more ways than one.

Then the little girl, somehow, appeals to their protective instincts, she wants an arm in a crowd, and looks so frail that it is quite evident that she was made to be taken care of. That apparent helplessness is always flattering to a man, for it is a subtle acknowledgment of his superior strength.

Short girls have the advantage over tall ones in another matter—that is, in their comparative immunity from unfavorable notice if they are guilty of flirtation. They are often simply "thoughtless," high spirited" and "kittenish," when their conduct is such as would be harshly condemned in their tall sisters. It is a funny thing that though short girls have certain decided advantages they rarely like a reference to their inches, except in favorable comparison with one who is awkwardly tall, though probably the girl is not made who objects to being called a "dear little woman."

A North Carolinian Ruined.

Winston Republican.

Dr. Chas. D. McIver, of Greensboro, has received a letter from Prof. H. H. Ransom, a North Carolinian who has resided in Galveston, Texas, for several years, telling of the deplorable condition of himself and family. Everything they had was swept away by the flood and they are homeless and penniless. Prof. Ransom was rescued after drifting on a piece of timber for five hours. He is principal of the Ball Public School, and writes that 469 of his pupils are dead. Prof. Ransom is a son of the late General Robert Ransom.

FEELING THE RED SHIRTS' PULSE.

"Senator" Simmons the Ultimate Goal of White Supremacy.

Asheville Gazette.

"F. M. Simmons said today, on his return from Pittsboro, where he went to appear for the Democratic election officers who are indicted by the fusionists, 'I am in touch with all parts of the State and if the senatorial primary were held now I am sure I would get at least 50,000 majority. I see no reason for anything save an increase in these figures.' "—Raleigh Correspondent Charlotte Observer.

If Mr. Simmons has really got his "touch" in all parts of the State Mr. Carr would save time, etc, by immediately sidetracking himself. Nothing unless it is the majesty of the Simmons law, counts so much as Mr. Simmons' touch. When he presses the button the machine is expected to do the rest. In passing we would remark that this primary is purely a Democratic family affair. It differs from the August election in that the machine is operated against the majority of the Democratic party instead of against the majority of the voters of North Carolina. The party is in the predicament preliminary to taking its own medicine. Dr. Simmons has been down east—we do not know that he has been west—and has felt the pulse of the patient Red Shirts. New Hanover (when our old friend Waddell steps out from "behind the devil and the deep blue sea," in favor of the former), Halifax, Robeson, Edgecombe, etc., are each good again for a majority far exceeding the black and white voting population. The Gazette predicted a year and a half ago that Senator Simmons was the ultimate goal of White Supremacy, and it therefore cheers our confidence to know that he has his touch on all parts of the State.

Morals in Washington.

Atlanta Constitution.

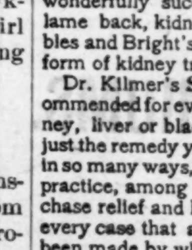
There must be lively times in Washington, according to a letter of a protesting lady to the district commissioners.

She writes that the habit of young men and girls hugging on street cars, in theaters and public parks has grown to such an extent that it will corrupt the rising generation. She declares that it is almost impossible to take a car ride to any of the suburban resorts without observing some young man trying to see how close he can hold his girl in his arms or how near in his lap she can sit. Such exhibitions, she says, may be right and proper, but she fails to see it that way.

Verily there are many problems which must vex the souls of the extremely proper.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.



Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy. It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.



Home of Swamp-Root.

If love making is a circus, a pretty girl's cheek must by a good sideshow.

PEOPLE'S PARTY PLATFORM

Adopted Unanimously in Convention

April 18th, 1900.

The People's Party Convention assembled in Raleigh, April 18th, affirms the principles set forth in the People's Party National platform adopted at St. Louis in 1896 and instructs the delegates to the National Convention at Sioux Falls May 9th to vote for the nomination of William J. Bryan for President.

We commend the present State Administration for its high personal and official integrity, and challenge a comparison of its record with any and all of its predecessors.

We condemn the Democratic Legislature of 1899 for its extravagant expenditures of public money, amounting to $1,591,765.76 in 1899, as opposed to 1,282,971.11, expended by the preceding Legislature, an excess of $310,794.65, not including the sum of $100,000 for public education nor the $63,250 for purchase of State farms.

We further condemn said Legislature for the careless blundering and careless legislation, including more gross blunders and unconstitutional laws than ever before enacted by any General Assembly in North Carolina.

We further denounce the machine leaders of the Democratic party for laying the whip on the backs of the Democratic Legislature and forcing them into enacting and submitting a disfranchising constitutional amendment in violation of the solemn pledges of the party, made not only officially in their campaign handbook but by members of the General Assembly and other Democratic candidates for office in their canvass before the people. We denounce them not only for doing this in violation of their pledges, but also for submitting a measure most odious in form and dangerous in effect. That General Assembly being composed of some of the best lawyers of the party, must have known, or at least had a reasonable doubt, not only as to the unconstitutionality of the monstrous provision of Section 5, known as the "grandfather clause" in said amendment, but also of the great danger of that unconstitutional sectional section falling, leaving the remainder of the amendment to stand, thus disfranchising by an educational qualification fifty or sixty thousand white voters of North Carolina, who in 1898 gave the Democratic party power in the Legislature, and whose ignorance is no fault of their own but is chargeable to the neglect of the Democratic party, which now seeks to disfranchise them and make their ignorance a crime alongside that of the felon.

But even if the proposed amendment were not unconstitutional (as it clearly is), still it is especially objectionable in the following particulars:

(a) In that it dignifies with the right of suffrage the most vicious, troublesome and obnoxious class of the negro population, and completely disfranchises the most faithful, kindly and orderly element of that race.

(b) In that, while clamoring for white supremacy and declaring that no white man shall be disfranchised under this amendment, they have so written their amendment that every white boy becoming of age after 1908 stands on the same footing with the negro, and can not vote unless he is able to read and write.

(c) In that by the latter provision, they have made it possible for the educated negro after 1908 to cast his ballot while the unfortunate son of the white men who have been the strength of true democracy stands without a vote at the ballot box. They slaughter the suffrage of the son whose father they dare not openly attack.

(d) In that this suffrage amendment does not remove the negro from politics or settle the negro question in North Carolina.

(e) In that every voter who has not paid his poll tax as much as five months before the State election and eight months before the national election, shall be disfranchised as much as if he were convicted of felony or were an ignorant negro. The purpose of this provision is not only to disfranchise every good honest citizen who unfortunately cannot pay his taxes by the first of March preceding the election, but further to try to bribe the voter to surrender his suffrage at the expense of the public school fund of the State, which is derived from poll taxes. There lurks behind this proposition a still greater danger to the public schools of the State, for with the adoption of the amendment the opponents of free schools in North Carolina will at once raise the cry that every dollar raised for public instruction means the increase of the number of negro voters, and thus the poor white man's son will be chained in bondage of ignorance and disfranchised to prevent the education of the negro voter. There is no white supremacy in this.

The constitutional question presented by the proposed amendment is one that must be determined by the judgment and conscience of each individual voter. Therefore, we do not make it a party question. We state the evils and dangers and leave the voters of all parties to pass their verdict in the light of these facts. The question is above party, and no one should be more active and anxious in our judgment to defeat it than the rank and file of the Democratic party.

The People's Party is and has always been more distinctly than any other party in North Carolina a white man's party, and is more anxious than any other party to solve the race problem, and to force all parties to a discussion of the great economic issues so vitally affecting the welfare of all wealth producers of the State and nation and decency in politcs.

Therefore, we propose in lieu of this dangerous amendment, the best solution of the race question that is possible as long as the 15th amendment to the Constitution of the United States stands—a solution which deprives no white man in North Carolina now or hereafter of his right of suffrage, to-wit:

Amend Section 6, Art. 6, of the Constitution of North Carolina by inserting among the disqualifications for office, enumerated therein, the following, viz: All negroes and all persons of negro descent to the third generation inclusive.

If the Democratic Legislature which meets in June will offer this safe, constitutional and wholesome amendment in lieu of the present scheme it will have our hearty support. If they will not, we appeal to the people to rally to our assistance to elect a Legislature pledged to support such an amendment.

We congratulate the people of North Carolina upon the decision of the State Supreme Court in the case of Harris vs. Wright (121 N. C. R., 172), declaring that the General Assembly has power to provide different systems of county government for various counties of the State. Acting under this decision, we pledge the People's Party to the maintenance of the system of local self-government in all the white counties, towns and cities in the State as established by the General Assembly of 1895, and at the same time to provide and maintain a legislative system of county government for all the negro counties of the State, so that there can never be any question that the white people shall always have full and complete control of county in the State.

We denounce the Democratic Legislature of 1899 for passing an election law, every provision of which is carefully and cunningly planned, and devised to thwart the sovereign will of the people of North Carolina by wholesale fraud and debauchery of the ballot box. We declare, without fear of successful contradiction, that it is the most partisan, unfair, infamous and unconstitutional election law that has ever disgraced the statute books of any state in the Union.

We pledge ourselves to increase the efficiency of the public school system in North Carolina, and point to the fact that the People's Party has done more for public education in North Carolina than the Democratic party ever did in twice the length of time. To the Populists of North Carolina is to be credited the first great increase in the public school system.

We pledge ourselves to the care of the unfortunate class in North Carolina and to an increase in the necessary facilities for the same. As an earnest of our sincerity, we point to our past record in this particular, and say that no "Legislature in which Populists have had a controlling voice has ever turned a deaf ear to the demand of the unfortunate, or been followed by an urgent appeal for additional provision as has been recently issued by the Board of Public Charities because of the failure of the Democratic Legislature to make such provision as seen and urgently needed at the time they were consuming their time in enacting political legislation and creating new offices during the session of 1899.

Labor is indispensable to the creation and profitable use of capital. Capital increases the efficiency and value of labor. Whoever arrays one against the other, is an enemy of both. That policy is wisest and best, which harmonizes the two on the basis of absolute justice.

BISMARCK'S IRON NERVE.

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25 cents. Sold by all Druggist.

Mr. Crawford Refused to Sign.

Smithfield Courier.

The contest for Congress in the Ninth District of North Carolina is between Mr. Moody, the Republican candidate and Mr. Crawford, Democrat, who was unseated on account of fraud in the last Congress. Mr. Moody has an agreement to the effect that both the candidates shall see that there is a fair election in the district this year, which he asks Mr. Crawford to sign. Mr. Crawford refuses and goes about impeaching Congress for unseating him.

VOLCANIC ERUPTIONS

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, cures them; also Old, Running and Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains. Best Pile cure on earth. Drives out Pains and Aches. Only 25 cts. a box Cure guaranteed. Sold by all Druggist

An Extra One.

Diner—Now, waiter, what's to pay?

Waiter—Let me see, sir. What have you had, sir?

Diner—Three fish.—

Waiter—Only brought you two, I think, sir.

Diner—No, three. I had two mackerel, and one smelt.

IF THE BABY IS CUTTING TEETH

Be sure and use that old and well tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25 cents a bottle.

More Grain and Clover.

Roanoke-Chowan Times.

Farmers in this part of the State have a serious problem to solve. Owing to the drouth, which we are told is the most prolonged, perhaps ever known in our section, all the crops are cut short and a large majority of our farmers will be buyers of hay and corn another year; and a large number will be unable to pay the expenses of cultivating the present crop.

As our lands are well suited to the growth of clover and small grain, doubtless an increased acreage in these valuable crops will be seeded this fall. From experiments made on the Times' experimental farm we are convinced that oats, to withstand the cold winter should be seeded by the middle of October, and wheat from the middle of October to the middle of November. In this part of the State we had about as well throw oats away as to sow them in the spring.

Some few farmers, like Mr. Godwin M. Powell, one of our newly elected county commissioners, and W. B. Knight, N. J. Brown and T. C. Peele, make a practice of always keeping a years' supply of grain and feed stuff on hand, so that in case of failure in crops they do not have to buy corn, hay, etc., but unfortunately such farmers are few in number. It will require wise management and rigid economy to mak the farm pay expenses the coming year.

Good Wheat Crops.

Winston Republican.

Messrs. Sprinkle, Shamel & Co., threshers, have finished their seasons' work and report 16,000 bushels threshed as a result. Among the crops threshed was 1,541 bushels for J. W. Speas, 1,300 for J. M. Hunter, 1,000 for Sam James, while a number of crops ran from 100 to 800 bushels. This was certainly a good year, one of the best in our recolection.

A Double Funeral.

Jacksonville, Fla., Sept. 27.—The bodies of former Governor George F. Drew and his wife, Amelia Drew, both of whom died suddenly yesterday, were this afternoon interred in Evergreen cemetery in a double vault grave, the caskets being placed side by side. The funeral was the largest and most impressive ever seen in Jacksonville. Committees from various political and commercial organizations attended in a body and the floral tributes, all representing a unity of life and death, were several feet high on the new-made double grave.

The Comptroller of Currency approves the application for a National Bank at Lexington, N. C., with a capital of $25,000 and R. L. Burkhead, Zeb. V. Walser, R. T. Pickens, J. B. Smith, J. L. Peacock and Jas. Adderton, projectors.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

BETWEEN NEW YORK, TAMPA, ATLANTA, NEW ORLEANS, AND POINTS SOUTH AND WEST.

IN EFFECT JUNE 3rd, 1900.

SOUTHBOUND.

	Daily No. 31	Daily No. 27
Lv New York, Penn. R. R.	1 00 pm	12 15 am
Lv Philadel P R R	3 20 pm	7 20 am
Lv Baltimore, P R R	5 50 pm	9 31 am
Lv Washington P. R. R.	7 00 pm	10 55 am
Lv Richmond, S A L Ry	10 40 pm	2 30 pm
Lv Petersburg	11 30 pm	3 30 am
Lv Ridgeway Jct	2 25 am	6 17 pm
Lv Henderson	2 53 am	6 40 pm
Lv Raleigh	4 05 am	7 50 pm
Lv Southern Pines	5 57 am	9 42 pm
	No. 403	
Lv Hamlet	6 50 am	10 32 pm
	No 31	
Lv Columbia ‡	10 35 am	12 55 am
Ar Savannah	2 07 pm	5 00 am
Ar Jacksonvill	7 40 pm	9 10 am
Ar Tampa	6 30 am	5 30 pm
	No. 403	
Ar Charlotte	9 51 am	
Lv Chester	9 02 am	
Lv Greenwood	11 42 am	
Lv Athens	1 48 pm	
Ar Atlanta	4 05 pm	
Ar Augusta C & W C	5 10 pm	
Lv New York NYP & N†	8 00 am	
Lv Philadelphia	10 20 am	11 26 pm
N Y, O D S S Co	† 3 00 pm	
Lv Baltimore B S P Co		† 6 30am
Lv Wash'n N & W S B		6 30pm
	No 703	No 41
Lv Portsmouth S. A. L. Ry	9 20 pm	9 35 am
Lv Weldon	12 05 am	12 01pm
	No 31	
Lv Ridgeway Jct	2 25 am	1 20 pm
Lv Henderson	2 53 am	2 13 pm
Lv Raleigh	4 05 am	3 51 pm
Lv Southern Pines	5 57 am	6 12 pm
	No 403	
Lv Hamlet	6 50 am	7 30 pm
	No 31	No 27
Lv Columbia‡	10 35 am	12 55 am
Ar Savannah	2 07 pm	5 00 am
Ar Jacksonville	7 40 pm	9 10 am
Ar Tampa	6 30 am	5 30 pm
	No 403	No 41
Lv Wilmington		3 05 pm
Ar Charlotte	9 51 am	10 20 pm
Lv Chester	9 02 am	10 50 pm
Lv Greenwood	11 42 am	1 07 am
Lv Athens	1 48 pm	3 43 am
Ar Atlanta §	4 05 pm	6 05 am
Ar Augusta C & W C	5 10 pm	
Ar Macon C of Ga	7 20 pm	11 10 am
Ar Montg'ry A & W P	9 20 pm	11 00 am
Ar Mobile L & N	3 00 am	4 12 pm
Ar New Orleans L & N	7 40 am	8 30 pm
Ar Nashvill N C & St L	6 40 am	6 55 pm
Ar Memphis	4 00pm	8 10 am

NORTHBOUND.

	Daily No. 44	Daily No. 66
Lv Memphis N C& St L	12 45pm	8 45 pm
Lv Nashville	6 30 am	9 10 am
Lv New Orleans L & N	7 45 pm	7 45 pm
Lv Mobile L & N	12 25 am	12 30 pm
Lv Montgom ry A&WP	6 20 am	11 20 am
Lv Macon C of Ga	8 00 am	4 20 pm
Lv Augusta C & W C	9 40 am	
	No 402	No 38
Lv Atlanta§ S A L Ry	1 00 pm	9 00 pm
Ar Athens	2 50pm	11 23 pm
Ar Greenwood	5 19pm	2 00 am
Ar Chester	6 28pm	4 30 am
Lv Charlotte	6 30pm	5 00 am
Lv Wilmington		12 05 pm
	No 24	No 66
Lv Hamlet	9 05pm	9 20 am
Lv Southern Pines	10 00pm	10 05pm
Lv Raleigh	11 40pm	11 50am
Ar Henderson	12 00am	1 12pm
Ridge ay Jct	2 20am	1 40pm
Lv Petersburg	4 15am	4 40pm
Lv Richmond	5 10am	5 40pm
Ar Washington, P. R. R.	8 45am	9 30pm
Ar Baltimore P R R	10 03am	11 35pm
Ar Philadelphia P R R	12 35pm	2 56am
Ar New York P R R	3 03pm	6 13am
	No 402	No 38
Lv Rid'way Jct S A Ry	3 00am	1 50pm
Lv Weldon	3 30am	3 05pm
Ar Portsmouth	7 00am	5 50pm
Ar Wash'ton N & W S B		7 00
Ar Baltimore B S P Co.		1 64am
Ar New York O D S S Co		† 1 30pm
Ar Philadelphia N YP&N	† 5 4 pm	5 10am
Ar New York	8 0 pm	7 43am

Note.—†Daily except Sunday.

Dining cars between New York and Richmond, and Hamlet and Savannah on trains Nos. 31 and 44.

‡ Central Time, §Eastern Time.

NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that I seized on the 18th of June, 1900, near Carthage, N. C., from John D. Barrett the Distillery premises, No. 3721, about 359 gallons corn whiskey, and one wooden still and fixtures, for violation of Section 3257 and 8281 Revised Statue of the United States.

Any person having any claim in said property is hereby notified to come forward within 30 days from this date and show cause why it should not be forfeited to the United States

E. C. DUNCAN,
Collector 4th Dist., Raleigh, N. C.
By W. A. McDONALD,
Dept'y Collector, Rockingham, N. C.
Sept. 27—4t.

WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R AND BRANCHES AND ATLANTIC COAST LINE R R COMPANY OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH

DATED July 21, 1900.	No. 23 Daily.	No. 35 Daily.	No. 102 daxSun	No. 41 Daily.	No. 45 Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	P M.	A. M.	P M
Lv Weldon	11 50	9 43			
Ar Rocky Mount,	12 55	10 36			
Lv Tarboro	12 21		6 00		
Lv Rocky Mount,	1 00	10 36	6 45	5 40	12 51
Lv Wilson	1 58	11 14	7 10	6 20	2 46
Lv Selma	2 55	11 57			
Lv Fayetteville	4 30	1 10			
Ar Florence	7 25	3 15			
	P. M.	A. M.			
			7 50	7 01	3 21
Lv Goldsboro				8 05	4 22
Lv Magnolia				9 40	5 58
Ar Wilmington.			P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 78 Daily.	No. 102 daxSun	No. 32 Daily.	No. 78 Daily.	No. 49 Daily.
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 40		7 45		
Lv Fayetteville	12 20		9 45		
Lv Selma	1 50		10 54		
Ar Wilson	2 35		11 31		
		A. M.		P. M.	A. M
Lv Wilmington				7 00	9 45
Lv Magnolia				8 34	11 18
Lv Goldsboro		5 15		9 45	12 30
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv Wilson	2 35	5 43	11 31	10 38	1 16
Ar Rocky Mount,	3 30	6 15	12 07	11 35	1 53
Ar Tarboro		7 04			
Lv Tarboro	12 21				
Lv Rocky Mount,	3 30		12 09		
Ar Weldon	4 32		1 00		
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington 9 00 a. m., arrives Fayetteville 12 10 p. m., leaves Fayetteville 12 25 p. m. arrives Sanford 1 43 p. m. Returning leave Sanford 2 30 p. m., arrive Fayetteville 3 45 p. m., leave Fayetteville 3 50 p. m., arrives Wilmington 6 50 p. m.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8 15 a. m, Maxton 9 20 a. m., Red Springs 9 53 a. m., Hope Mills 10 42 a. m., arrive Fayetteville 10 55. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4 40 p. m., Hope Mills 4 55 p. m., Red Springs 5 35 p. m., Maxton 6 15 p m., arrives Bennettsville 7 15 p. m.

Connections at Fayetteville with train No 78 at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3 35 p. m., Halifax 4 15 p. m. arrives Scotland Neck at 5 08 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning leaves Kinston 7 50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m., arriving Halifax 11:18 a. m. Weldon 11:33 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:10 a. m. and 2:30 p. m., arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m., returning leave Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6:30 p. m., arrive Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday 5:30 p. m., Sunday 4:15 p. m., arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m., 6 10 p.m., returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday 7:50 a. m., and Sunday 9 a. m., arrives Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro daily, except Sunday, 7:05 a. m., arriving Smithfield 8:10 a. m., returning leaves Smithfield 9:00 a. m., arrives at Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 4:30 a. m., 3 40 p. m., arrive Nashville 10 10 a. m., 4 03 p. m., Spring Hope 10 40 a. m., 4 25 p. m., returning leave Spring Hope 11:00 a. m., 4 55 p.m., Nashville 11 22 a. m., 5 25 p. m., arrive at Rocky Mount 11 45 a. m., 6 p. m., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 11:40 a. m. and 4:15 p. m., returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 a. m. and 2:50 p. m.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Pass Agt.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Man.
T. M. EMERSON Traffic Manager.

AGENTS, Booker T. Washington has written the story of his life and work. He gives his views on the Negro Problem and all his best speeches White and colored people are giving advanced orders. A bonanza for agents. Both white and colored agents make money with this book. Write today.

J. L. NICHOLS & CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

W. R. Smith Pres.
Commercial College
of
KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY. LEXINGTON, KY.

Reference—Awards at 2 greatest World's Expositions and thousands of graduates in positions. **Cost of Full Business Course**, including Tuition, Books and Board in family, about $90. **SHORTHAND, TYPE-WRITING & TELEGRAPHY, SPECIALTIES.** The Kentucky University Diploma, under seal, awarded graduates. Literary Course free, if desired. **No vacation.** Enter now. Graduates successful. In order to have your letters reach us, address only WILBUR R. SMITH, Lexington, Ky. Note.—Kentucky University resources, $500,000, and had nearly 1000 students in attendance last year.

WANTED—Two reliable traveling salesmen in each State; permanent position; salary and expenses; experience not absolutely essential. Address

PIDEMONT TOBACCO WORKS,
Greensboro, N C

A. & N. C. RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE 11.

To take effect Sunday Mar. 11 1900, at 7:00 A. M. at Goldsboro supersedes Time Table 10, of Oct. 22 1899 and all supplements thereto.

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	STATIONS		Daily ex Sun, mixed fre't cars and passengers		3 Passenger Daily.
			A. M.		P. M.
W Lv	Goldsboro*		7 30		4 00
	Best	s	7 58		4 08
W	LaGrange*	s	8 10	s	4 08
	Falling Creek	s	8 27	s	4 20
W	Kinston*	s	8 50	s	4 31
	Caswell	f	9 08	f	4 40
Ar Lv	Dover*		9 30 9 3	s	4 55
W	Core Creek	s	10 03	s	5 07
	Tuscarora	s	10 20		5 19
	Clark's	f	10 36	f	5 25
W Ar Lv	Newbern*	s	10 50	s	5 .. 5 50
	Riverdale			f	6 10
	Croatan			f	6 18
	Havelock			s	6 30
W	Newport*			s	6 43
	Wildwood			f	6 49
	Atlantic			f	6 54
Ar Lv	Morehead City*			s	7 05 7 07
	Atlantic Hotel				
W Ar	M. City Depot*				7 15
			A. M.		A. M.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

	STATIONS.		Passenger daily.		4 Daily except Sunday, Mixed Fr't cars and passenger.
			A. M.		P. M.
Ar	Goldsboro*		11 00		8 00
	Best	s	10 48	s	7 50
W	LaGrange*	s	10 32	s	7 30
	Falling Creek	s	10 22	s	6 57
W	Kinston*	s	10 12	s	6 40
	Caswell	f	9 50	f	6 10
Lv Ar	Dover*	s	9 44	s	5 47
W	Core Creek	s	9 30	s	5 37
	Tuscarora	f	9 20	s	5 20
	Clark's	f	9 12	f	5 11
Lv Ar	Newbern*	s	9 00 8 37	s	4 50
	Riverdale	f	8 16		
	Croatan	f	8 08		
	Havelock	s	8 00		
W	Newport*	s	7 46		
	Wildwood	f	7 39		
	Atlantic	f	7 30		
Lv Ar	Morehead City*	s	7 21 7 22		
	Atlantic Hotel				
Lv	M. City Depot		7,00		
			A. M.		P. M.

W—Water stations. f—Stop on Signal.
*—Telegraph station. s—Regular stop.

S. L. DILL, Supt.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as the Administrator of Virginia C. Ayer, deceased late of Wake county, I hereby request all persons indebted to the estate to come in and settle their indebtedness And all persons having claims against her estate will present the same to me on or before the 21st day of June, 1901, or this notice may be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

H. W. AYER,
Administrator.
PEELE & MAYNARD, Attorneys.

FREE TO LADIES

My MONTHLY REGULATOR is the only one that is harmless and cannot fail. Box FREE. MRS. B. ROWAN, B 367 Milwaukee, Wis.

SPECIAL LOW PRICED Campaign Offer.

The Times

RICHMOND, VA.

DAILY AND SUNDAY. 4 MONTHS ONLY $1.00.

THE DAILY TIMES is peculiarly fitted to cover the entire field with its full Associated Press reports; its large staff of Special Correspondents throughout the State, and its Staff Correspondents at all important news points. The regular subscription rate of The Daily and Sunday Times is $5.00 per year. Address

THE TIMES,
Richmond, Virginia.



Broken articles use Major's Cement

Remember MAJOR'S RUBBER CEMENT. MAJOR'S LEATHER CEMENT.

VACATION!



Hundreds of persons, young and old, enjoy the advantages which the bicycle offers as an aid to recreation. The ideal mount for outing purposes is

COLUMBIA BEVEL-GEAR CHAINLESS.

Under all ordinary conditions bevel-gears run easier than the chain. The mechanism is free from dust, grit and mud; always at its highest efficiency, always perfectly lubricated. The rider does not have to devote more or less time to keeping the running parts in order and for this reason alone the selection of this machine for vacation uses is always to be advised.

The highest development of different classes of the chain wheel type is represented by the

COLUMBIAS, HARTFORDS, STORMERS AND PENNANTS

The exhilarating quality, restfulness and ease of cycling are wonderfully promoted by use of the COLUMBIA COASTER BRAKE Applicable to either chainless or chain models.

Columbia Bicycles, Hartford, Conn.